

nextrans.ca

Transportation Impact Study Update

PROPOSED MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT

109 Garden Drive OAKVILLE, ONTARIO

November 2024 Project No: NT-24-100

520 Industrial Parkway South, Suite 201 Aurora ON L4G 6W8

Phone: 905-503-2563 www.nextrans.ca



NextEng Consulting Group Inc.

November 21, 2024

Attention: Noah Shechtman

Oakville Garden Residences Corp. 10 Wanless Avenue, Suite 201 Toronto, ON M4N 1V6

Re: Transportation Impact Study Update

Proposed Residential Mixed-Use Development

109 Garden Drive, Town of Oakville

Our Project No. NT-24-100

NexTrans Consulting Engineers (a Division of NextEng Consulting Group Inc.) is pleased to present the enclosed Transportation Impact Study Update for the above noted site in support of proposed Official Plan Amendment, Zoning Bylaw Amendment and Site Plan applications for a proposed residential mixed-use development.

The subject site is located at 109 Garden Drive, east of Garden Drive, between Lakeshore Road W and Rebecca Street, in the Town of Oakville. Currently, the existing site is vacant. The proposed residential mixed-use development consists of 4 blocks, with a total of 42 back-to-back townhouse units and 6 apartment dwelling units above the proposed 171.15 m² of ground related retail gross floor area. The proposed development provides a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces (65 resident spaces and 11 visitor spaces), as well as a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces (48 long-term and 20 short-term spaces). The proposed development full moves accesses are provided via 109 Garden Drive, similar to other existing developments in the area.

The transportation impact study is prepared in accordance with the Town of Oakville and the Region of Halton Transportation Impact Study guidelines, and consistent with background transportation studies conducted in the area. The Study concludes that the proposed development can adequately be accommodated by the existing and future transportation network, future transit services for the area, as well as the recommended measures identified in this report.

We trust the enclosed sufficiently addresses your needs. Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours truly,

Nextrans Consulting Engineers

A Division of NextEng Consulting Group Inc.

Prepared by:

Sam Nguyen, Dipl. Transportation Analyst Reviewed by:

Peter Ilias, P.Eng. Senior Engineer Reviewed and approved by:

Richard Pernicky, MITE

Principal

Report Submission Record

Identification	Date	Description of issued and/or revision
Final Report	November 21, 2024	For Final Submission

PREVIOUS SUBMISSION COMMENTS

The project team has received the comments below and appropriate responses are provided below:

 OPA/ZBA Comment – A Traffic Impact Study (TIS) is required to evaluate the potential impacts of the proposed development on the adjacent roadway network and access points to the proposed subdivision. Applicant's traffic consultant should provide TOR's to Town and Region Transportation planning staff for approval before commencing the study.

Response: Noted. We have submitted the study terms of reference in May 2024, however, we did not receive the comments in time for the completion of the first Transportation Impact Study. In discussion with the Town staff, we will fully address the Town staff comments in Study Update.

2. **OPA/ZBA Comment** – A parking justification Study in order to provide details of parking required as per zoning by law and parking spaces to be provided at site.

Response: Noted. Based on the applicable Zoning By-law, the proposed development would be required to provide a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, inclusive of residential, visitor and retail uses. The proposed development generally meets the Zoning By-law parking requirements of 76 vehicle parking spaces. However, based on the recommendations of this Study, there is a slight re-balancing where some "residential" spaces are being allocated as "visitor" spaces. Therefore, it is acceptable from overall parking requirement perspective with a total 76 spaces, including 65 residential and 11 visitor spaces.

3. **Site Plan Comment** – Site plan showing parking layout plan at all levels must be submitted for review and feedback by the relevant staff.

Response: Noted. The site plan showing parking layout plan is provided in **Appendix A** of this Study Update.

4. **Site Plan Comment** – A traffic control and pavement marking and signage plan to be submitted for review and comments by Transportation staff.

Response: Noted. A pavement marking and signage plan has been prepared and provided in this Study Update.

5. **Site Plan Comment** – A pedestrian/sidewalk plan, including connections to adjacent roadway sidewalks, must be submitted for review and comments by the active transportation staff.

Response: Noted. A pedestrian/sidewalk plan has been prepared and provided as part of the submission package.

6. **OPA/ZBA Comment** – include the zoning requirements for bike racks, as well as the type of bike rack and dimension for installation. A guideline for these measures are included in the Ontario Traffic Manual Book 18 page 298.

Response: Noted. It has been provided in **Section 9.2** of this Study Update.

7. **Site Plan Comment** – Please include TDM measures with this application to be implemented at site plan approval stage. This could include the town's TDM program, Smart Commute promoting more travel options for visitors and employees to the site. Please consult with Town Staff on this issue.

Response: Noted. TDM measures have been provided in **Section 10** of this Study Update.

8. **OPA/ZBA Comment** – TIS section 2.4 – Please change "Routes 15 & 14A Lakeshore West" to "Routes 14 & 14A..."

Response: Noted. This has been changed in this Study Update.

9. **OPA/ZBA Comment** – For information - Oakville Transit provides door-to-door paratransit service called care-A-van for persons with disabilities. Service is provided by low-floor, fully accessible 26ft buses supplemented in partnership with local taxi providers. Drivers will leave the vehicle on Garden Drive and escort the customer to the first accessible entrance of the unit.

Response: Noted and acknowledged in this Study Update.

10. OPA/ZBA Comment – The current site plan drawings submitted in the TIS report are illegible, particularly concerning the driveway dimensions at the property line, aisle widths, and parking area specifications. The applicant should provide high-resolution, clearly annotated site plans to facilitate a comprehensive review by Transportation Planning staff.

Response: Noted and has been provided in **Appendix A** of this Study Update.

11. OPA/ZBA Comment – The Traffic Impact Study (TIS) report prepared by NexTrans (dated June 2024) lacks a signal warrant analysis for the study area intersections (Lakeshore Road and Rebecca Street). The traffic consultant should update the TIS to include a signal warrant analysis for future horizon years and resubmit the report for further review and comments.

Response: Noted. The traffic signal warrant analysis for the Lakeshore Road/Garden Drive and Rebecca Street/Garden Drive intersections are provided in **Section 6.3** and **Appendix H** of this Study Update.

 OPA/ZBA Comment – The design vehicle information is missing from the AutoTURN analysis provided. Please submit a separate site plan with a higher resolution of the turning movement analysis for review and feedback by the staff.

Response: Noted and has been provided in this Study Update.

13. OPA/ZBA Comment – There is inconsistent information regarding parking provisions for the three residential blocks. Section 1.6 of the Urban Design Brief indicates parking is on the ground floor, whereas plan on page 13 shows access to underground parking via three access doors. Please clarify and ensure consistency in the documentation.

Response: Noted. The parking garages are located on the ground level with access from Garden Drive. They are enclosed by the buildings; however, they are not located underground. We will remove the word "underground" form the figures of the proposed site plan package.

14. OPA/ZBA Comment – The current proposal indicates a shortfall of 16 parking spaces compared to the requirements stipulated in the Town of Oakville's zoning by-law. The justification provided for the reduced parking relies on data from U.S. cities and locations outside Oakville. The applicant is advised to adhere to the parking requirements as per the town's zoning by-law. If a deviation from the by-law is sought, a comprehensive parking justification study, based on approved Terms of Reference (TOR), should be conducted and submitted for review for the Transportation staff. The selection of proxy sites for this study must be pre-approved before conducting the parking surveys.

Response: The proposed development now meets the Zoning By-law requirements by providing an additional 17 vehicle parking stackers for certain units. The Zoning By-law requirements for vehicle parking has been updated in this Study Update. The proposed development provides a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, including 65 resident spaces and 11 visitor spaces, which generally meets the overall Zoning By-law requirements.

15. **Site Plan Comment** – Please submit a Preliminary Construction Traffic Control Management Plan Memo, outlining the proposed mitigative measures for pre-construction, during construction, and post-construction phases, in accordance with the Ontario Traffic Manual (OTM) Book 7.

Response: Noted. A preliminary Construction Traffic Control Management Plan will be provided at the site plan stage of the proposed development.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

NexTrans Consulting Engineers (A Division of NextEng Consulting Group Inc.) was retained by Oakville Garden Residences Corp. (the 'Client') to undertake a Transportation Impact Study Update in support of proposed Official Plan Amendment, Zoning By-law Amendment and Site Plan applications for a proposed residential mixed-use development. The subject site is located at 109 Garden Drive, east of Garden Drive, between Lakeshore Road W and Rebecca Street, in the Town of Oakville.

It should be noted that NexTrans has sent a study terms of reference to the Town of Oakville on May 30, 2024. Through discussions with the Town staff, it is indicated that all of the Town comments will be fully addressed in this Study Update. In addition, this transportation impact study update is prepared in accordance with the Town of Oakville and the Region of Halton Transportation Impact Study guidelines, and consistent with previous submission and background transportation studies conducted in the area.

It should also be noted that, a Transportation Impact Study was prepared by HDR dated September 20, 2021 on behalf of Smart Centres Inc. & Revera entitled "Garden Drive Retirement Residence" in support of different types of land uses.

Proposed Development

The subject site is located at 109 Garden Drive, northwest corner of Garden Drive and Lakeshore Road West in the Town of Oakville. Currently, the existing site is vacant. The area is surrounded by existing low-rise and mid-rise residential developments. The proposed residential mixed-use development consists of 4 blocks, with a total of 42 back-to-back townhouse units and 6 apartment dwelling units above the proposed 171.15 m² of ground related retail gross floor area.

The proposed development is expected to generate 48 total two-way vehicle trips (15 inbound and 33 outbound) and 67 total two-way vehicle trips (39 inbound and 28 outbound) during the morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively.

Proposed Development Access

A full moves access will be provided for each proposed townhouse block, with a total of 4 full moves access onto Garden Drive. This is consistent with the existing conditions on the west side of Garden Drive.

The assessment and intersection capacity analysis indicates that the proposed accesses are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with minimum delay or queue. The corner clearance and throat length corner are also appropriate and meet the Transportation Association of Canada Guidelines (TAC). The recommended lane configurations include for each proposed full moves access:

- One inbound lane (minimum 3.0 m width);
- One outbound lane (minimum 3.0 min width); and
- One shared southbound through/left lane and one northbound shared through/right on Garden Drive

Transportation Analysis

Auto Mode Assessment

Based on the intersection capacity analysis, under the existing, future background and future total traffic conditions, all intersections considered in the analysis are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service, from overall intersection operational perspective, during both the morning and afternoon peak hours. The estimated queues can be accommodated within the available storage length. No critical movements have been identified and therefore no improvements are required to accommodate the proposed development.

The proposed site accesses are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with maximum of one vehicle every 8 minutes during the peak hours. No long delays or queues are expected under the future total conditions.

It should also be noted that, a Transportation Impact Study was prepared by HDR dated September 20. 2021 on behalf of Smart Centres Inc. & Revera entitled "Garden Drive Retirement Residence" for the same site as part of the previous application. In this Study, HDR has analyzed several more intersections east and west of the proposed development intersections. The analysis indicates that these intersections are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with no physical improvements at the intersections considered in the analysis.

Given that the proposed development is very small and is expected to have negligible impact on the surrounding intersections, the inclusion of the two immediately adjacent intersections to the proposed development is appropriate as the proposed development can improve these intersections if required. It should be noted that the proposed development has no control over the improvements at the other intersections are these intersections are located further from the proposed development and are mostly impacted by the background traffic growth and background development traffic.

Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis

NexTrans has conducted traffic signal warrant analyses for the Lakeshore Road/Garden Drive and Rebecca Street/Garden Drive intersections based on Ontario Traffic Manual Book 12 for Justification 7 (Projected Volumes) for the major internal intersections (**Appendix H**). The analysis indicates that these intersections are not numerically warranted for traffic signals based on Justification 7 due to low turning movement volumes under the study horizon year considered. Typically, traffic signals should only be installed when warranted to avoid traffic congestion and unnecessary queues.

Walking Mode Assessment

Under the existing conditions, sidewalks are available on both sides of Rebecca Street and Lakeshore Road W. However, sidewalk is only available on the west side of Garden Drive from Rebecca Street to the southerly limit of the Wyndham Place Condominium. Between the condo access and Lakeshore Road W, there is an existing curb-face paved asphalt area acting a continuous sidewalk to Lakeshore Road W. A proper sidewalk can be provided once these existing properties are redeveloped in the future.

As part of the proposed development, sidewalk will be provided on the east side of Garden Drive along the entire frontage of the site. Sidewalk will be designed and provided as per the Town of Oakville standards.

In addition, sidewalks will be provided on both sides of each block that connect each unit to the sidewalk on Garden Drive. This provision is sufficient to provide mobility for each unit.

Cycling Mode Assessment

Currently, there are dedicated cycling lanes along Lakeshore Road W between Dorval Drive and Kerr Street, and Rebecca Street between Southview Road and Navy Street. There is also a multi-use trail along Dorval Drive from Lakeshore Road W to Upper Middle Road W.

NexTrans has reviewed the Town's 2017 Active Transportation Master Plan (ATMP). Based on this review, it is indicated that the Town of Oakville is actively planning and building additional cycling infrastructure in the area such as cycling facilities on Keer Street and Stewart Street. With the completion of these network, the residents from the proposed development can use these facilities as an alternate mode of transportation instead of driving private vehicles to work or to school.

As part of the proposed development, a total of 48 long-term and 20 short-term bicycle parking spaces will be provided, for a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces. This provision will encourage residents to use active transportation modes to work, school and discretionary trips instead of single-occupant-vehicle trips.

Transit Mode Assessment

As the existing transit modal split based on 2016 TTS data is about 10% during both morning and afternoon peak hours, if 10% modal split is applied, the proposed development is expected to generate 5 total two-way transit trips (2 inbound

and 3 outbound) and 7 total two-way transit trips (4 inbound and 3 outbound) during the morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively.

As the estimated transit ridership for the proposed development is very low, the two existing transit routes (Oakville Transit Bus Routes 14 & 14A Lakeshore West and 15 Bridge) can accommodate these trips. It is anticipated that no additional transit improvements in the area are required to accommodate the proposed development.

Vehicle Parking Assessment

Based on the applicable Zoning By-law, the proposed development would be required to provide a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, inclusive of residential, visitor and retail uses. The proposed development generally meets the Zoning By-law parking requirements of 76 vehicle parking spaces. However, based on the recommendations of this Study, there is a slight re-balancing where some "residential" spaces are being allocated as "visitor" spaces. Therefore, it is acceptable from overall parking requirement perspective with a total 76 spaces, including 65 residential and 11 visitor spaces.

Bicycle Parking Assessment

Based on the assessment provided in this Study, the proposed development is required to provide a total of 48 bicycle parking spaces for residential and 12 for visitor, for a total of 60 bicycle parking spaces. However, the proposed development will provide a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces, including 48 long-term and 20 short-term spaces. The long bicycle parking spaces will be provided within the residential units and short-term/visitor bicycle parking spaces will be provided at a convenient location on-site, as illustrated in the proposed site plan.

Transportation Demand Management Measures and Incentives

The Report identifies and recommends appropriate Transportation Demand Management measures and incentives to support active transportation and transit, to meet the objectives and requirements of the Town and the Region. These potential measures are included in Section 11 of this Study.

Study Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the findings of this Study, the following recommendations are provided:

- The Town and the Region approve the proposed residential mixed-use development;
- The proposed development provides direct shared pedestrian/bicycle connections from the proposed development to Garden Drive and Lakeshore Road W, where appropriate;
- Provide only a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, with 65 residential and 11 visitor spaces;
- Provide a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces on-site, including 48 long-term and 20 short-term spaces; and
- The proposed development implements the TDM measures and incentives identified in this report to support
 active transportation and transit and to reduce the numbers of single-occupant-vehicle trips to and from the
 proposed development

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		1
EXIS	STING CONDITION ASSESSMENT	2
2.1.	Existing Road Network	2
2.2.	Walking Mode Assessment	2
2.3.	Cycling Mode Assessment	2
2.4.	Transit Mode Assessment	3
2.3.	Existing Area Context	5
2.4.	Existing Traffic Volumes	5
2.5.	Auto Mode Assessment	5
2.6.	Finding Summary	
TRA	NSPORTATION PLANNING CONTEXT IN THE AREA	6
3.1.	Existing Land Use Context and Amenities	6
3.2.	Transportation Planning Context	7
FUT	URE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS	7
4.1.	Analysis Horizon	7
4.2.	Future Transportation Improvements	
4.3.	Future Background Corridor Growth	7
4.4.	Background Development Applications	7
4.5.	Future Background Condition Assessment	7
4.6.	Finding Summary	9
SITE	TRAFFIC	10
5.1.	Proposed Development	10
5.2.	Non-auto Modal Split	10
5.3.	Site Trip Generation	
5.4.		
6.1.	Future Total Traffic Assessment for Auto Mode	13
6.2.	Finding Summary	13
6.3.	Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis	14
6.4.	Walking Mode Assessment	14
6.5.	Cycling Mode Assessment	14
6.6.	Transit Mode Assessment	15
SITE	PLAN REVIEW	15
7.1.	Proposed Development Access	
7.2.	Vehicle Turning Movement Analysis	16
7.2.1	1. Corner Clearance	16
		16
7.3.		
7.4.	Proposed Pavement Marking and Signage Plan	17
	2.1. 2.2. 2.3. 2.4. 2.5. 2.6. TRA 3.1. 3.2. FUT 4.1. 4.2. 4.3. 4.4. 4.5. 5.1. 5.2. 5.3. 5.4. FUT 6.1. 6.2. 6.3. 6.4. 6.5. 6.6. SITE 7.1. 7.2. 7.2. 7.2. 7.3.	2.1. Existing Road Network 2.2. Walking Mode Assessment 2.3. Cycling Mode Assessment 2.4. Transit Mode Assessment 2.5. Existing Area Context 2.6. Existing Traffic Volumes 2.7. Auto Mode Assessment 2.8. Existing Traffic Volumes 2.9. Existing Summary 2.9. TRANSPORTATION PLANNING CONTEXT IN THE AREA 3.1. Existing Land Use Context and Amenities 3.2. Transportation Planning Context FUTURE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS 4.1. Analysis Horizon 4.2. Future Transportation Improvements 4.3. Future Background Corridor Growth 4.4. Background Development Applications 4.5. Future Background Condition Assessment 4.6. Finding Summary SITE TRAFFIC 5.1. Proposed Development 5.2. Non-auto Modal Split 5.3. Site Trip Generation 5.4. Site Trip Distribution Based on Existing Site FUTURE TOTAL TRAFFIC CONDITIONS 6.1. Future Total Traffic Assessment for Auto Mode 6.2. Finding Summary 6.3. Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis 6.4. Walking Mode Assessment 6.5. Cycling Mode Assessment 6.6. Transit Mode Assessment SITE PLAN REVIEW 7.1. Proposed Development Analysis 7.2. Vehicle Turning Movement Analysis 7.3. Solid Waste Management

	7.5.	Traffic Calming	18
8.0	VEHI	CLE PARKING ASSESSMENT	18
	8.1.	Zoning By-law Vehicle Parking Requirement	18
	8.2.	Benefits of Vehicle Parking Reduction	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	8.2.1	. Appropriate Parking Management is the best TDM Measure	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	8.2.2	. Support Alternative Modes of Transportation	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	8.3.	Recommended Vehicle Parking Requirement for the Propos	sed Development18
	8.4.	Proposed Vehicle Parking Stacker	18
	8.4.1	. Model and Dimensions	18
	8.4.2	. Operations	19
	8.4.3	. Queueing	20
	8.4.4	. Existing Applications	20
9.0	REDI	UCED VEHICLE PARKING JUSTIFICATION	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.1.	Subject Site Strategic Location	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.2.	Subject Site Walk Score	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.3.	Existing Mode Share	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.4.	More Housing Supply for the Town of Oakville	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.5.	Hybrid Working Model	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.6. Redu	High Residential Vehicle Parking Rates Result in More Car occurry Transit Usage	
	9.7.	A Reduction to the Minimum Vehicle Parking Requirements Error! Bookmark not defined.	Increases the Supply of Housing
	9.7.1	. City of Toronto	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.7.2	. City of Edmonton	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.7.3	. Other Cities in the United States	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.7.4	. City of Vaughan	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.7.5	. City of Ottawa	Error! Bookmark not defined.
	9.7.6	. City of Brampton	Error! Bookmark not defined.
		A Reduction to the Minimum Vehicle Parking Requirements	
	9.9.	A Reduction to the Minimum Vehicle Parking Requirements Error! Bookmark not defined.	has a Number of General Benefits
		Sustainable Halton – Maintaining and Improving the Urban efined.	System - Transit FirstError! Bookmark
	9.11.	Conclusion on Why Vehicle Parking Rate Reduction is Just	ified Error! Bookmark not defined.
10.0	BICY	CLE PARKING ASSESSMENT	20
	10.1.	Bicycle Parking Requirement	20
	10.2.	Outdoor Bicycle Parking	20
11.0		NSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT	
12.0	CON	CLUSIONS / FINDINGS	22
		Study Conclusions	
		Study Recommendations	

LIST OF FIGURES

- Figure 1 Proposed Development Location
- Figure 2 Proposed Site Plan
- Figure 3 Existing Lane Configuration and Traffic Control
- Figure 4 Existing Cycling Routes
- Figure 5 Existing Oakville Transit
- Figure 6 Existing Traffic Volumes
- Figure 7 2029 Background Corridor Through Traffic Growth
- Figure 8 Background Development Traffic Volumes
- Figure 9 2029 Future Background Traffic Volumes
- Figure 10 Site Traffic Volumes
- Figure 11 2029 Future Total Traffic Volumes
- Figure 12 Town of Oakville Proposed Pedestrian Network Phasing
- Figure 13 Corner Clearance at Major Intersection
- Figure 14 Proposed Site Access Corner Clearance
- Figure 15 Proposed Site Access Sightlines
- Figure 16 Vehicle Parking Stacker Model and Dimensions
- Figure 17 Recommended Bicycle Parking Design
- Figure 18 Pavement Marking and Signage Plan
- Figure 19 AutoTURN Analysis (Passenger Vehicles)

LIST OF TABLES

- Table 1 Summary of the Existing Road Network in the Study Area
- Table 2 Existing Levels of Service
- Table 3 2029 Future Background Levels of Service
- Table 4 Modal Split based on 2016 TTS Data for Traffic Zones
- Table 5 Site Traffic Trip Generation Based on ITE Trip Rates
- Table 6 General Trip Distribution for the Proposed Development
- Table 7 Site Trip Assignment for the Proposed Development
- Table 8 2029 Future Total Levels of Service
- Table 9 Town of Oakville Zoning By-law Vehicle Parking Requirements
- Table 10 Recommended Vehicle Parking Rates for the Proposed Development
- Table 11 Walk Score for 109 Garden Drive, Oakville
- Table 12 Modal Split based on 2016 TTS Data for Traffic Zones
- Table 13 Bicycle Parking Space Requirements

APPENDICES

Appendix A – Proposed Site Plan

Appendix B – Existing Traffic Data

Appendix C – Existing Traffic Level of Service Calculations

Appendix D – Background Developments

Appendix E – Future Background Traffic Level of Service Calculations

Appendix F – 2016 TTS Data Analysis

Appendix G – Future Total Traffic Level of Service Calculations

Appendix H - Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis

Appendix I – Babco Vehicle Parking Stacker System



1.0 INTRODUCTION

NexTrans Consulting Engineers (A Division of NextEng Consulting Group Inc.) was retained by Oakville Garden Residences Corp. (the 'Client') to undertake a Transportation Impact Study in support of proposed Official Plan Amendment, Zoning By-law Amendment and Site Plan applications for a proposed residential mixed-use development. The subject site is located at 109 Garden Drive, east of Garden Drive, between Lakeshore Road W and Rebecca Street, in the Town of Oakville. The location of the proposed development is illustrated in **Figure 1**.

The transportation impact study is prepared in accordance with the Town of Oakville and the Region of Halton Transportation Impact Study guidelines, and consistent with background transportation studies conducted in the area. It should be noted that NexTrans has sent a study terms of reference to the Town of Oakville on May 30, 2024. However, NexTrans has not received any comments or feedback in time for the preparation of this Traffic Impact Study. Therefore, the Town comments, if any, will be fully addressed as part of the future submission for the proposed development. It should also be noted that, a Transportation Impact Study was prepared by HDR dated September 20. 2021 on behalf of Smart Centres Inc. & Revera entitled "Garden Drive Retirement Residence" in support of different types of land uses.

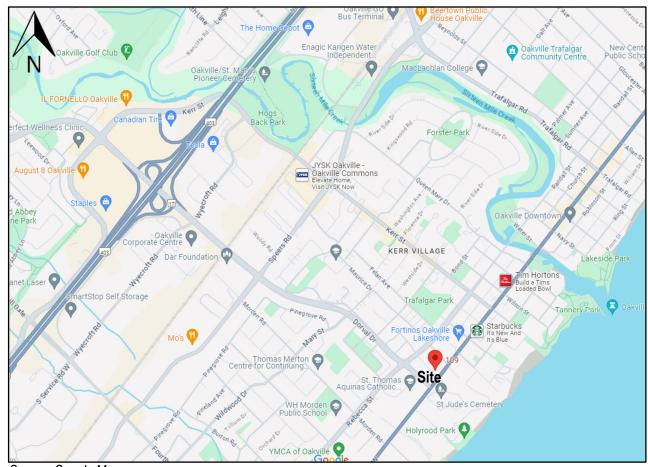


Figure 1 – Proposed Development Location

Source: Google Map

The proposed residential mixed-use development consists of 4 blocks, with a total of 42 back-to-back townhouse units and 6 apartment dwelling units above the proposed 171.15 m² of ground related retail gross floor area. The proposed development provides a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces (65 residential and 11 visitor spaces), as well as 68 bicycle parking spaces, including 48 long-term and 20 visitor spaces.

The proposed development full moves accesses are provided via 109 Garden Drive, similar to other existing developments in the area. **Figure 2** illustrates the proposed development site plan.



Figure 2 – Proposed Site Plan

2.0 EXISTING CONDITION ASSESSMENT

2.1. Existing Road Network

As indicated, the subject site is located at 109 Garden Drive, east of Garden Drive, between Lakeshore Road W and Rebecca Street, in the Town of Oakville. The description of the existing road network in the study area is summarizes in **Table 1** below.

Road Name Jurisdiction No. of Lanes Road Type Sidewalk Speed Cycling Sidewalk on both Yes Lakeshore Road W Town of Oakville 2 lanes Major Arterial 50 km/h Dorval Dr to Kerr St sides Sidewalk on both Yes Rebecca Street Town of Oakville 2 lanes 50 km/h Major Arterial sides Southview Rd to Navy St Sidewalk on the Garden Drive Town of Oakville 2 lanes 40 km/h Local Road None west side only

Table 1 – Summary of the Existing Road Network in the Study Area

Figure 3 illustrates the existing lane configurations and traffic control devices for the intersections considered in the analysis.

2.2. Walking Mode Assessment

Under the existing conditions, sidewalks are available on both sides of Rebecca Street and Lakeshore Road W. However, sidewalk is only available on the west side of Garden Drive from Rebecca Street to the southerly limit of the Wyndham Place Condominium. Between the condo access and Lakeshore Road W, there is an existing curb-face paved asphalt area acting a continuous sidewalk to Lakeshore Road W. A proper sidewalk can be provided once these existing properties are redeveloped in the future.

2.3. Cycling Mode Assessment

NexTrans has reviewed the existing active transportation network in the area based on site visit and review of the Town of Oakville Information Map, as well as the Town's 2017 Active Transportation Master Plan (ATMP). It should be noted



that the Town's 2017 Active Transportation Master Plan (ATMP) will be reviewed in more detail under the future total conditions as part of this Study. **Figure 4** illustrates the existing cycling network in the study area.

Currently, there are dedicated cycling lanes along Lakeshore Road W between Dorval Drive and Kerr Street, and Rebecca Street between Southview Road and Navy Street. There is also a multi-use trail along Dorval Drive from Lakeshore Road W to Upper Middle Road W. NexTrans will review the future plan proposed by the Town of Oakville in the subsequent sections of this Study.

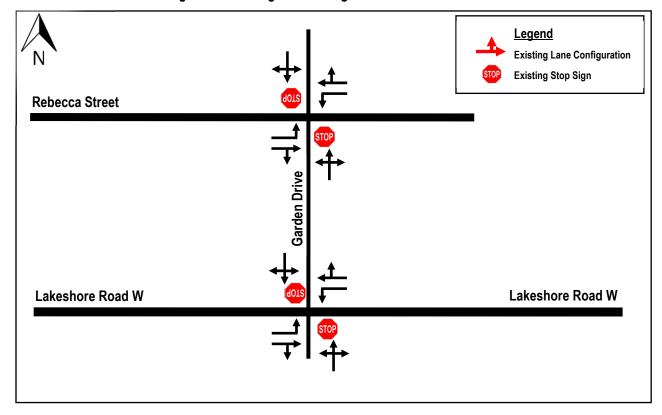


Figure 3 – Existing Lane Configuration and Traffic Control

2.4. Transit Mode Assessment

The area is current serviced by two existing Oakville Transit Bus Routes 14 & 14A Lakeshore West and 15 Bridge. The subject site is located approximately 3 km from the Oakville GO Train Station on the Lakeshore West GO Line. **Figure 5** illustrates the existing Oakville Transit System. Below is the bus route description based on the information provided on the Oakville Transit Website (https://www.oakvilletransit.ca/schedules-and-maps.html). We also acknowledge the Care-A-Van service provided by Oakville Transit.

- Routes 14 & 14A Lakeshore West The Lakeshore West Route travels generally in the east-west direction
 from Appleby GO Train Station to Oakville GO Train Station via Lakeshore Road East and Rebecca Street. This
 service runs early in the morning (6:05 AM) until after midnight during the weekday. The service frequency is
 approximately 15-minute during the peak periods.
- Route 15 Bridge The Bridge route travels generally in the east-west direction, from South Oakville Centre to Oakville GO Train Station. This service runs Monday to Sunday from the early morning (6:10 AM) until after 8 PM. The service frequency is approximately 30-minute during the peak periods.
- Care-A-Van Service: Oakville Transit provides door-to-door paratransit service called care-A-van for persons with disabilities. Service is provided by low-floor, fully accessible 26ft buses supplemented in partnership with local taxi providers. Drivers will leave the vehicle on Garden Drive and escort the customer to the first accessible entrance of the unit.



 Lakeshore West GO Line – is a GO Train route that operates generally in the east-west direction between Niagara Falls GO Station to Union Station in downtown Toronto, with further connections available east to Oshawa GO Station. This GO Line operates during Monday to Friday, from 6:00 AM to 8:00 PM; weekends from 6:30AM to 8:00PM.

Legend

Parking Facilities

Town Facilities

Town Facilities

Single Black Route

Black Lane

- Black Lane

- Bharrows

- Wearfront Tail

- Parking Shouler Blackey

- Town Tital

Trails & Walkways

Parcels Addresses

Figure 4 - Existing Cycling Routes

Source: Town of Oakville Information Map



Figure 5 – Existing Oakville Transit

Source: www.oakvilletransit.ca



2.3. Existing Area Context

NexTrans has conducted a comprehensive review of the area with both site visit and desktop review. The subject site is surrounded by some recent mid-rise development with 3-4 storeys. The areas located immediately to the north and south of the proposed development are existing low-rise developments. The existing St. Thomas Aquinas Catholic Secondary School is located on the west side of Dorval Drive, with Trafalgar Park Community Centre and Fortinos Grocery Store are located to the east of the site. There are several schools in the area such as Elementary School Catholic Sainte-Marie and Oakwood Public School. Oakville Downtown is only located approximately 1.0 km east of the proposed development. As indicated in the previous sections of this Study, the area has a complete network of sidewalk, cycling facilities and sufficient transit services. Therefore, the analysis indicates that the proposed development is consistent and appropriate from a transportation planning perspective.

2.4. Existing Traffic Volumes

The turning movement counts were undertaken by Spectrum for the four intersections considered in the study area. The turning movement counts were conducted on June 4th, 2024. The existing traffic volumes were undertaken during the morning (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m.) and afternoon (4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.) peak periods for all area intersections. **Figure** 6 illustrates the existing traffic volumes for the study area intersections, with the detailed turning movement counts are included in **Appendix A**.

2.5. Auto Mode Assessment

The existing volumes in **Figure 6** were analyzed using Synchro Version 11 software. The methodology of the software follows the procedures described and outlined in the Highway Capacity Manual, HCM 2000, published by the Transportation Research Board. It should be noted that the printouts for unsignalized intersections are based on HCM outputs. The results are provided in **Appendix C** and summarized in **Table 2**.

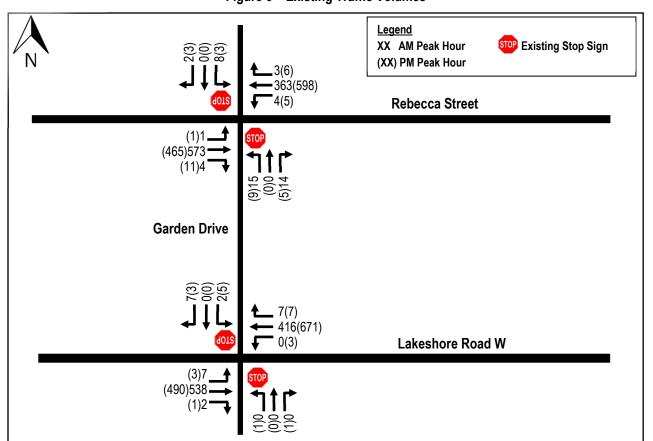


Figure 6 - Existing Traffic Volumes



It should also be noted that, a Transportation Impact Study was prepared by HDR dated September 20. 2021 on behalf of Smart Centres Inc. & Revera entitled "Garden Drive Retirement Residence" for the same site as part of the previous application. In this Study, HDR has analyzed several more intersections east and west of the proposed development intersections. The analysis indicates that these intersections are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with no physical improvements at the intersections considered in the analysis.

Given that the proposed development is very small and is expected to have negligible impact on the surrounding intersections, the inclusion of the two immediately adjacent intersections to the proposed development is appropriate as the proposed development can improve these intersections if required. It should be noted that the proposed development has no control over the improvements at the other intersections are these intersections are located further from the proposed development and are mostly impacted by the background traffic growth and background development traffic.

		Weekday AM Peak Hour			Week	Available		
Intersection	Movement	LOS (v/c)	Delay (s)	95 th Queue (m)	LOS (v/c)	Delay (s)	95 th Queue (m)	Storage Length (m)
	EB – L	A (0.01)	8	0	A (0.00)	9	0	~20
Laksahara Daad W/	EB – TR	A (0.35)	0	0	A (0.31)	0	0	~60
Lakeshore Road W/	WB – L	A (0.00)	0	0	A (0.00)	9	0	~20
Garden Drive (unsignalized)	WB – TR	A (0.28)	0	0	A (0.43)	0	0	~83
	NB – LTR	A (0.00)	0	0	C (0.01)	22	0	~15
	SB – LTR	B (0.02)	14	1	D (0.04)	25	1	~173
	EB – L	A (0.00)	8	0	B (0.00)	11	0	~15
Dahasaa Chaat	EB – TR	A (0.40)	0	0	A (0.29)	0	0	~70
Rebecca Street Garden Drive	WB – L	A (0.01)	9	0	A (0.00)	8	0	~30
	WB – TR	A (0.26)	0	0	A (0.37)	0	0	~80
(unsignalized)	NB – LTR	C (0.15)	23	4	C (0.06)	22	2	~173
	SB – LTR	D (0.07)	26	2	C (0.02)	20	1	~83

Table 2 - Existing Levels of Service

2.6. Finding Summary

Based on the intersection capacity analysis, under the existing traffic conditions, all intersections considered in the analysis are operating at acceptable levels of service, from overall intersection operational perspective, during both the morning and afternoon peak hours. The estimated queues can be accommodated within the available storage length. No critical movements have been identified and therefore no improvements are required at this time.

3.0 TRANSPORTATION PLANNING CONTEXT IN THE AREA

3.1. Existing Land Use Context and Amenities

As indicated previously, NexTrans has conducted a comprehensive review of the area with both site visit and desktop review. The subject site is surrounded by some recent mid-rise development with 3-4 storeys. The areas located immediately to the north and south of the proposed development are existing low-rise developments.

The existing St. Thomas Aquinas Catholic Secondary School is located on the west side of Dorval Drive, with Trafalgar Park Community Centre and Fortinos Grocery Store are located to the east of the site. There are several schools in the area such as Elementary School Catholic Sainte-Marie and Oakwood Public School. Oakville Downtown is only located approximately 1.0 km east of the proposed development.

As indicated in the previous sections of this Study, the area has a complete network of sidewalk, cycling facilities and sufficient transit services. Therefore, the analysis indicates that the proposed development is consistent and appropriate from a transportation planning perspective.



3.2. Transportation Planning Context

As indicated, the area is currently well-serviced by a complete network of sidewalk and cycling facilities along Lakeshore Road W and Rebecca Street. There are some missing sidewalks on the east side of Garden Drive that will be provided by the proposed development and a missing south portion on the west side that can be completed by the future redevelopment of the existing residential lots. Therefore, this proposed infill development will utilize the existing infrastructures that existing today, and will enhance the missing sidewalk where appropriate.

4.0 FUTURE BACKGROUND CONDITIONS

4.1. Analysis Horizon

For the purposes of this assessment, a 5-year horizon (2029) has been carried out for the study analysis. This provision is consistent with the Town of Oakville Traffic Impact Study Guidelines and other background transportation studies conducted in the area.

4.2. Future Transportation Improvements

Based on our review, currently, there are no planned infrastructure improvements are identified in the area. Therefore, the existing transportation network will be assessed under the future background and future total conditions.

4.3. Future Background Corridor Growth

Based on the Town of Oakville's requirement and to be consistent with other background studies in the area, a 2% per annum compounded growth rate will be applied to the 2024 traffic volumes to estimate the 2029 projected traffic volumes. This is equivalent to approximately 10% total growth from 2024 to 2029. **Figure 7** illustrates the background corridor through traffic growth.

4.4. Background Development Applications

Based on NexTrans' review of the proposed active development applications in the area, using the Town's development application website for Ward 2 (https://www.oakville.ca/business/planning-applications-ward-7.html), the following background developments have been identified and will be included in the analysis:

- 42 Lakeshore Road W LEA Consulting TIS dated August 2023
- 550 Kerr Street GHD TIS dated June 2019
- Upper Kerr Village BA Group TIS dated February 2022

For the purposes of this assessment, the proposed background development site trip generation and trip assignment are extracted from the background transportation impact studies noted above. Other smaller background development traffic will be capture through the 2% corridor growth. **Figure 8** illustrates background development traffic volumes. The detailed TIS traffic volume information is included in **Appendix D**.

4.5. Future Background Condition Assessment

The estimated future background traffic volumes are illustrated in **Figure 9** (future background traffic growth traffic volumes + background development traffic volumes) and were analyzed using Synchro Version 11 software. The detailed calculations are provided in **Appendix E** and summarized in **Table 3**.



Figure 7 – 2029 Background Corridor Through Traffic Growth

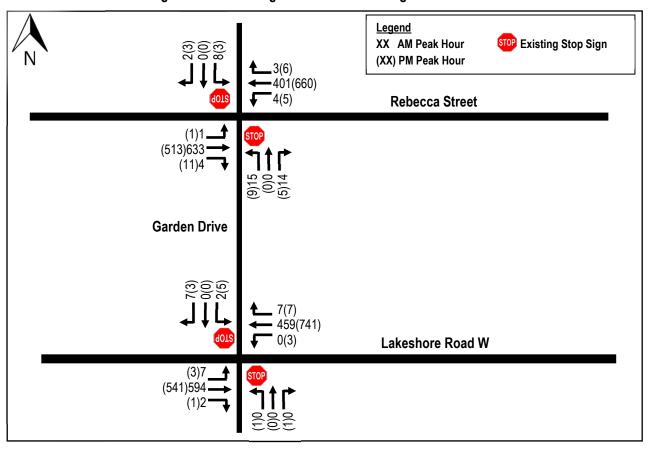


Figure 8 - Background Development Traffic Volumes

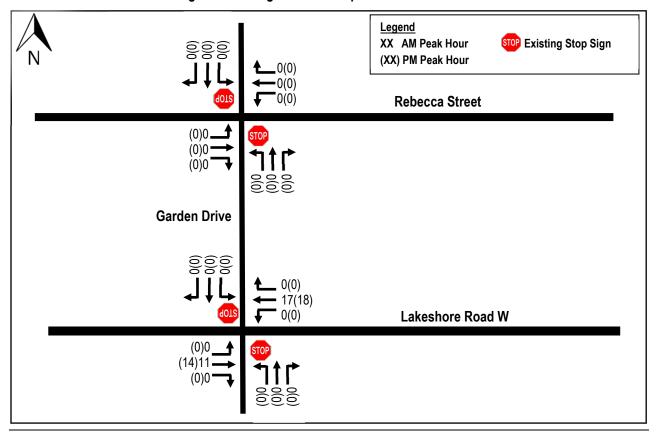
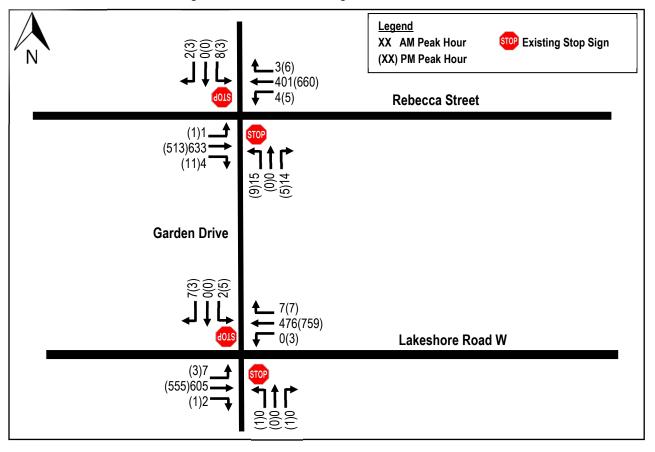




Table 3 – 2029 Future Background Levels

		Weekday AM Peak Hour			Week	day PM Peak	Hour	Available
Intersection	Movement	LOS (v/c)	Delay (s)	95 th Queue (m)	LOS (v/c)	Delay (s)	95 th Queue (m)	Storage Length (m)
	EB – L	A (0.01)	9	0	A (0.00)	10	0	~20
Lakeshore Road W/	EB – TR	A (0.40)	0	0	A (0.35)	0	0	~60
Garden Drive	WB – L	A (0.00)	0	0	A (0.00)	9	0	~20
	WB – TR	A (0.32)	0	0	A (0.48)	0	0	~83
(unsignalized)	NB – LTR	A (0.00)	0	0	D (0.01)	26	0	~15
	SB – LTR	C (0.03)	15	1	D (0.05)	31	1	~173
	EB – L	A (0.00)	8	0	B (0.00)	11	0	~15
Dobasas Ctrast	EB – TR	A (0.45)	0	0	A (0.32)	0	0	~70
Rebecca Street Garden Drive (unsignalized)	WB – L	A (0.01)	9	0	A (0.00)	9	0	~30
	WB – TR	A (0.28)	0	0	A (0.41)	0	0	~80
	NB – LTR	D (0.17)	27	5	D (0.07)	25	2	~173
	SB – LTR	D (0.08)	31	2	C (0.03)	23	1	~83

Figure 9 - 2029 Future Background Traffic Volumes



4.6. Finding Summary

Based on the intersection capacity analysis, under the future background traffic conditions, all intersections considered in the analysis are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service, from overall intersection operational perspective, during both the morning and afternoon peak hours. The estimated queues can be accommodated within the available storage length. No critical movements have been identified and therefore no improvements are required under this horizon year.



5.0 SITE TRAFFIC

5.1. Proposed Development

As indicated, the proposed residential mixed-use development consists of 4 blocks, with a total of 42 back-to-back townhouse units and 6 apartment dwelling units above the proposed 171.15 m² (or 1,842 ft²) of ground related retail gross floor area. It should be noted that for the purposes of this assessment, we use slightly higher commercial gross floor area of 2,092 ft², which is more conservative than the currently proposed 1,842 ft² of commercial gross floor area.

For the purposes of this assessment and consistent with other background traffic impact studies prepared for other developments in the area, the *Trip Generation Manual*, 11th Edition published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) and 2016 TTS information will be utilized in this Study.

5.2. Non-auto Modal Split

Table 4 summarizes the travel mode split information based on the review of the 2016 Transportation Tomorrow Survey data for Traffic Zones 4006, 4007, 4010, 4012, 4013, 4015 and 4016. The 2016 TTS data extraction is included in **Appendix F**.

Table 4 – Modal Split based on 2016 TTS Data for Traffic Zones

	Trips Made by Traffic Zones						
Time	Auto Driver	Auto Passenger	Transit	Cycle	Walk		
AM Peak Period (6:00Am – 9:00AM)	72%	12%	10%	1%	4		
PM Peak Period (4:00PM – 7:00PM)	73%	13%	10%	2%	3%		

Based on the information above, the non-auto mode of transportation (transit + walking + carpooling) accounts for near 28% during the morning peak period and 27% during the afternoon peak period. Although this is a great trend, however, the auto driver mode is still very high, which is not sustainable and does not meet the sustainable objective of the Town Official Plan policies and directions.

To be conservative, no modal split will be applied to the trip generation. The modal split will be used for vehicle parking and to support TDM measures, where appropriate.

5.3. Site Trip Generation

The ITE Trip Generation Manual 11th Edition Land Use Codes (LUC) 220 "Multifamily Housing Low-Rise General Urban/Suburban" and LUC 821 "Strip Retail Plaza (<40K) General Urban/Suburban" fitted curve equations have been utilized for the proposed development. The site trip generation is summarized in **Table 5**.

Table 5 – Site Traffic Trip Generation Based on ITE Trip Rates

ITE Land Use	Magnitude	Parameters	Moi	ning Peak	Hour	Afternoon Peak Hour			
TTE Latiu USe	(units/ft ²)	raiailleteis	In	Out	Total	ln	Out	Total	
Multifamily Housing (Low-Rise)	48 units	Vehicle Trip Rates AM - T = 0.31(X) + 22.85 PM - T = 0.43(X) + 20.55	0.19	0.60	0.79	0.54	0.31	0.85	
LUC 220		Vehicle Trips	9	29	38	26	15	41	
Strip Retail Plaza (<40k) LUC 822 General Urban/Suburban	2,092 ft ²	Vehicle Trip Rates AM - Ln(T) = 0.66*Ln(X) + 1.84 PM - Ln(T) = 0.71*Ln(X) + 2.72	0.50	0.34	0.84	1.70	1.70	3.40	
Orban/Suburban		Vehicle Trips	6	4	10	13	13	26	
То	Total New Vehicle Trips			33	48	39	28	67	



Based on the analysis noted above, the proposed development is expected to generate 48 total two-way vehicle trips (15 inbound and 33 outbound) and 67 total two-way vehicle trips (39 inbound and 28 outbound) during the morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively.

5.4. Site Trip Distribution Based on Existing Site

The 2016 Transportation Tomorrow Survey (TTS) data was reviewed for Traffic Zones 4006, 4007, 4010, 4012, 4013, 4015 and 4016 in order to estimate the general trip distribution for the proposed development. **Table 6** summarizes the planning district/traffic zones distribution based on the 2016 TTS data, with **Table 7** summarizing the site trip assignment based on the 2016 TTS data and the existing traffic turning movement counts in the area.

Table 6 – General Trip Distribution for the Proposed Development

Oakville	Peel Region	Burlington	Milton/ Halton Hills	Toronto	Durham Region	York Region	Hamilton Area	Niagara Region	Total	
	Auto Trips									
58%	13%	14%	4%	3%	0%	1%	2%	4%	100%	
Transit Trips										
90%	1%	0%	0%	9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%	

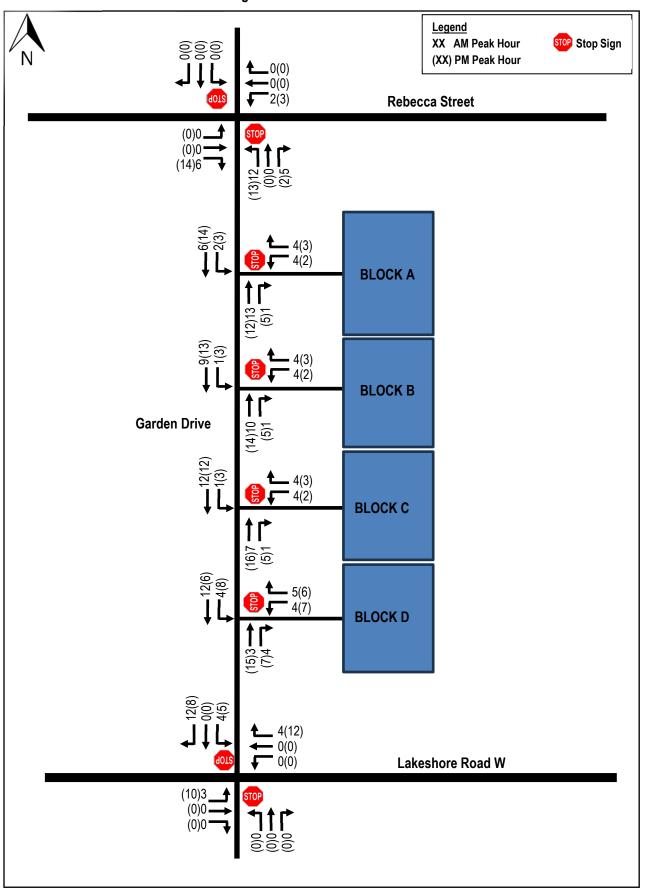
Table 7 – Site Trip Assignment for the Proposed Development

General Direction (To/From)	Auto Trips	Transit Trips
East	50%	40%
West	25%	30%
North	25%	30%
Total	100%	100%

Figure 10 illustrates the proposed development generated traffic volumes. It should be noted that the auto site trip distribution and assignment have been taken into consideration the 2016 TTS information above, existing turning movements and available road network in the study area.



Figure 10 - Site Traffic Volumes





6.0 FUTURE TOTAL TRAFFIC CONDITIONS

6.1. Future Total Traffic Assessment for Auto Mode

The estimated future total traffic volumes (future background traffic volumes + site generated traffic volumes) are illustrated in **Figure 11**, and were analyzed using Synchro Version 11 software. The detailed calculations are provided in **Appendix G** and summarized in **Table 8**.

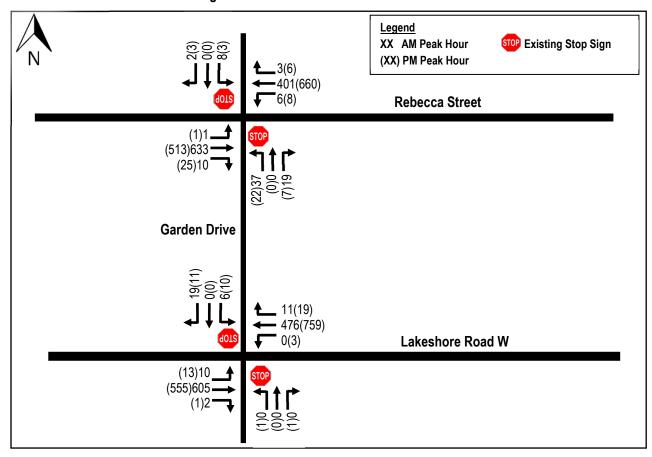


Figure 11 – 2029 Future Total Traffic Volumes

6.2. Finding Summary

Based on the intersection capacity analysis, under the future total traffic conditions, all intersections considered in the analysis are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service, from overall intersection operational perspective, during both the morning and afternoon peak hours. The estimated queues can be accommodated within the available storage length. No critical movements have been identified and therefore no improvements are required at this time.

The proposed site accesses are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with maximum of one vehicle every 8 minutes during the peak hours. No long delays or queues are expected under the future total conditions.

As previously indicated, a Transportation Impact Study was prepared by HDR dated September 20. 2021 on behalf of Smart Centres Inc. & Revera entitled "Garden Drive Retirement Residence" for the same site as part of the previous application. In this Study, HDR has analyzed several more intersections east and west of the proposed development intersections. The analysis indicates that these intersections are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with no physical improvements at the intersections considered in the analysis.



0

0

0

5

0

9

0

31

23

~70

~30

~80

~173

~83

Given that the proposed development is very small and is expected to have negligible impact on the surrounding intersections, the inclusion of the two immediately adjacent intersections to the proposed development is appropriate as the proposed development can improve these intersections if required. It should be noted that the proposed development has no control over the improvements at the other intersections are these intersections are located further from the proposed development and are mostly impacted by the background traffic growth and background development traffic.

Weekday AM Peak Hour Weekday PM Peak Hour Available 95th Storage Intersection Movement Delay Delay LOS (v/c) LOS (v/c) Length Queue Queue (s) (s) (m) (m) (m) 9 EB – L A (0.01) A (0.02) 10 ~20 0 0 EB – TR A (0.40) 0 0 A (0.35) 0 0 ~60 Lakeshore Road W/ WB – L A (0.00) 0 0 A (0.00) 9 0 ~20 Garden Drive 0 0 ~83 WB – TR A (0.32) 0 A (0.49) 0 (unsignalized) NB – LTR A (0.00) 0 0 D (0.01) 28 0 ~15 SB-LTR C (0.09) 17 2 D (0.14) 30 4 ~173 EB-L A (0.00) 8 0 B (0.00) 11 0 ~15

0

0

0

13

2

A (0.33)

A (0.01)

A (0.41)

D (0.18)

C (0.03)

0

9

0

37

32

Table 8 – 2029 Future Total Levels of Service

6.3. Traffic Signal Warrant Analysis

Rebecca Street

Garden Drive

(unsignalized)

EB – TR

WB – L

WB – TR

NB – LTR

SB – LTR

A (0.45)

A (0.01)

A (0.28)

E(0.38)

D (0.08)

NexTrans has conducted traffic signal warrant analyses for the Lakeshore Road/Garden Drive and Rebecca Street/Garden Drive intersections based on Ontario Traffic Manual Book 12 for Justification 7 (Projected Volumes) for the major internal intersections (**Appendix H**). The analysis indicates that these intersections are not numerically warranted for traffic signals based on Justification 7 due to low turning movement volumes under the study horizon year considered. Typically, traffic signals should only be installed when warranted to avoid traffic congestion and unnecessary queues.

6.4. Walking Mode Assessment

As indicated, under the existing conditions, sidewalks are available on both sides of Rebecca Street and Lakeshore Road W. However, sidewalk is only available on the west side of Garden Drive from Rebecca Street to the southerly limit of the Wyndham Place Condominium. Between the condo access and Lakeshore Road W, there is an existing curb-face paved asphalt area acting a continuous sidewalk to Lakeshore Road W. A proper sidewalk can be provided once these existing properties are redeveloped in the future.

As part of the proposed development, sidewalk will be provided on the east side of Garden Drive along the entire frontage of the site. Sidewalk will be designed and provided as per the Town of Oakville standards.

In addition, sidewalks will be provided on both sides of each block that connect each unit to the sidewalk on Garden Drive. This provision is sufficient to provide mobility for each unit.

6.5. Cycling Mode Assessment

Currently, there are dedicated cycling lanes along Lakeshore Road W between Dorval Drive and Kerr Street, and Rebecca Street between Southview Road and Navy Street. There is also a multi-use trail along Dorval Drive from Lakeshore Road W to Upper Middle Road W.



NexTrans has reviewed the Town's 2017 Active Transportation Master Plan (ATMP). **Figure 12** illustrates the existing and proposed cycling network in the study area.

Based on this review, it is indicated that the Town of Oakville is actively planning and building additional cycling infrastructure in the area such as cycling facilities on Keer Street and Stewart Street. With the completion of these network, the residents from the proposed development can use these facilities as an alternate mode of transportation instead of driving private vehicles to work or to school.

As part of the proposed development, a total of 48 long-term and 20 short-term bicycle parking spaces will be proposed, for a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces. This provision will encourage residents to use active transportation modes to work, school and discretionary trips instead of single-occupant-vehicle trips.

6.6. Transit Mode Assessment

As indicated in Table 4 of Section 5.2 of this Study, the existing transit modal split based on 2016 TTS data is about 10% during both morning and afternoon peak hours. If 10% modal split is applied, the proposed development is expected to generate 5 total two-way transit trips (2 inbound and 3 outbound) and 7 total two-way transit trips (4 inbound and 3 outbound) during the morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively.

As the estimated transit ridership for the proposed development is very low, the two existing transit routes (Oakville Transit Bus Routes 14 & 14A Lakeshore West and 15 Bridge) can accommodate these trips. It is anticipated that no additional transit improvements in the area are required to accommodate the proposed development.

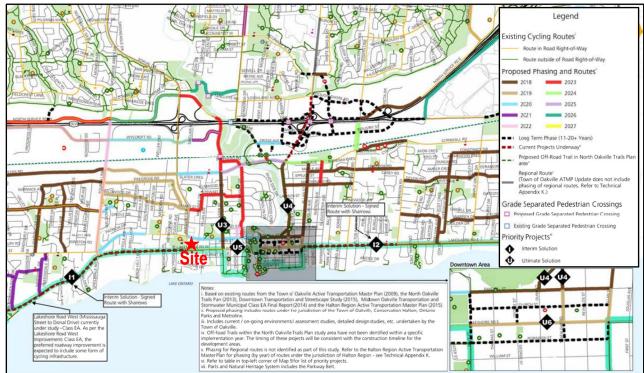


Figure 12 – Town of Oakville Proposed Pedestrian Network Phasing

7.0 SITE PLAN REVIEW

7.1. Proposed Development Access

A full moves access will be provided for each proposed townhouse block, with a total of 4 full moves access onto Garden Drive. This is consistent with the existing conditions on the west side of Garden Drive.



The assessment and intersection capacity analysis indicates that the proposed accesses are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with minimum delay or queue. The corner clearance and throat length corner are also appropriate and meet the Transportation Association of Canada Guidelines (TAC). The recommended lane configurations include for each proposed full moves access:

- One inbound lane (minimum 3.0 m width);
- One outbound lane (minimum 3.0 min width); and
- One shared southbound through/left lane and one northbound shared through/right on Garden Drive

7.2. Vehicle Turning Movement Analysis

Passenger car turning movement analysis is provided in **Figures 20** through **22** of this Study. The analysis is provided to demonstrate that passenger cars can enter and exit the proposed parking spaces and the proposed accesses onto Garden Drive.

7.2.1. Corner Clearance

In accordance with Section 8.8.1 and Figure 8.8.2 of the TAC 2017 (as illustrated in **Figure 13** below), the minimum corner clearance at an intersection is 15m for a local road. It should be noted that all corner clearances provided by the development exceed 21m from Lakeshore Road W and 13m from the adjacent existing development (as illustrated in **Figure 14**). Therefore, the proposed site access corner clearances exceed the minimum TAC 2017 <u>suggested</u> corner clearance guideline of 15m from a public roadway such as Lakeshore Road W.

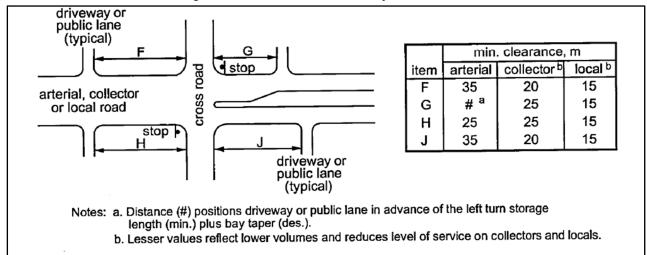


Figure 13 - Corner Clearance at Major Intersection

Source: TAC 2017 Figure 8.9.2

7.2.2. Sightline

Based on Table 9.9.4 of the 2017 Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Geometric Design Guide for Canadian Roads, a stopping sight distance of 50-65m is required for a 40-50km design speed. This is the design speed for Garden Drive as a local road. Our analysis indicates that the existing Garden Drive is relative flat and straight with no horizontal curves or slopes. Therefore, the proposed site accesses can achieve this required stopping sight distance of 50-65m. **Figure 15** illustrates the sightlines.

7.2.3. Daylight Triangle

The proposed development will provide approximately 3m x 3m daylight triangle at the north-east corner of the Lakeshore Road W/Garden Drive intersection. This has been illustrated in the proposed site plan.



7.3. Solid Waste Management

The solid waste will be pick-up on the curb side along Garden Drive. This is consistent with other existing developments along Rebecca Street, Garden Drive, Margeret Drive.

7.4. Proposed Pavement Marking and Signage Plan

The proposed signage and pavement marking plan is illustrated in **Figure 18**. This plan will be finalized as part of the final site plan submission if approved by the Town in principle.

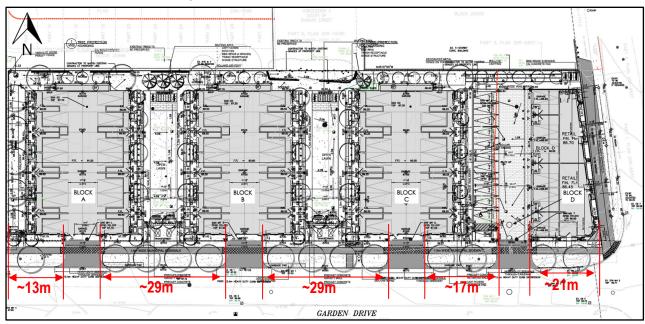
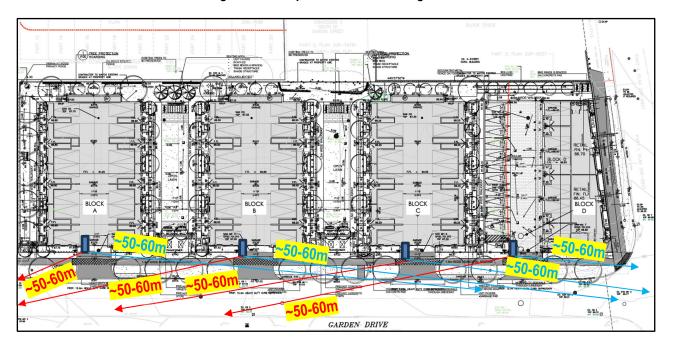


Figure 14 – Proposed Site Access Corner Clearance







7.5. Traffic Calming

Given that Garden Drive has a short segment between Lakeshore Road W and Rebecca Street, there is very limited chance for speeding through this road. In addition, with the proposed development accesses and existing accesses on both sides of Garden Drive that will create more frictions, it is anticipated that speeding will not be an issue and therefore no traffic calming is required under this horizon year or as part of this proposed development.

8.0 VEHICLE PARKING ASSESSMENT

8.1. Zoning By-law Vehicle Parking Requirement

The Town of Oakville Zoning By-law No. 2014-014 (Consolidated to December 12, 2023) has been reviewed for vehicle parking requirements. **Table 9** below summarizes the vehicle parking requirements based on the noted Zoning By-law requirements.

Parking Requirement Unit Type No. of Unit/GFA **Parking Rates** 63 spaces Back-to-back Townhouse 42 units 1.50 spaces/unit 1.05 spaces/unit Multiple Dwelling/Apartment 6 units 7 spaces Visitor 6 units 0.20 spaces/unit 1 space Retail 171.15 m² 1.00 space/40m² 5 spaces Total 76 spaces

Table 9 – Town of Oakville Zoning By-law Vehicle Parking Requirements

Based on the assessment noted above, the proposed development would be required to provide a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, inclusive of residential, visitor and retail uses.

8.2. Recommended Vehicle Parking Requirement for the Proposed Development

Table 10 summarizes the recommended parking requirements for the proposed development, based on the context of the proposed development.

Unit Type	No. of Unit/GFA	Maximum Parking Rates	Parking Requirement
Back-to-back Townhouse	48 townhouse units	1.40 spaces/unit	59 spaces
Multiple Dwelling/Apartment	6 apartment units	1.00 spaces/unit	6 spaces
Visitor and Commercial Use	6 apartment units 171.15 m ²	0.20 spaces/unit 1.00 spaces/40m ²	11 spaces
	76 spaces		

Table 10 – Recommended Vehicle Parking Rates for the Proposed Development

Based on the recommended parking rates noted above, the proposed development generally meets the Zoning By-law parking requirements of 76 vehicle parking spaces. However, there is a slight re-balancing where some "residential" spaces are being allocated as "visitor" spaces. Therefore, it is acceptable from overall parking requirement perspective with a total 76 spaces, including 65 residential and 11 visitor spaces

8.3. Proposed Vehicle Parking Stacker

8.3.1. Model and Dimensions

The proposed development will use the vehicle parking stacker product from Babcopark (https://babcopark.ca) model BR-6000. It should be noted that the parking stacker model may change dependent on manufacturing and supply availability at the time of construction. However, if this is the case, a parking stacker system with comparable specifications to the Babco product would be selected.

Figure 16 below illustrates the model dimensions. The sale brochure for this model is included in Appendix I.



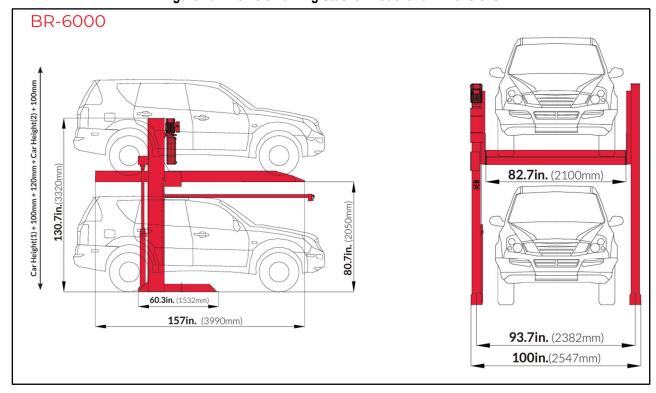


Figure 16 – Vehicle Parking Stacker Model and Dimensions

8.3.2. Operations

The following is a summary of the vehicle parking stacker operations. It should be noted that a demonstration video can be found in the following link (https://babcopark.ca/products/2-post-double-stacker/#single/0). The entire operation takes approximately 30 seconds to complete.

- Drive vehicle backward onto appropriate position of platform. Collision with the control arm and side beams should be avoided.
- Put brake on after vehicle is parked on targeted position to avoid any accidental movement.
- Open the car door carefully to avoid collision, paying attention to waving plates and side beams.
- Raise lift to appropriate position and platform will lock automatically.
- Before another vehicle is parked under platform, please check and make sure vehicle is lower than platform height to avoid damage.

All safety procedures and installation requirements are included in **Appendix I** of this Study Update.

Figure 19 illustrates the vehicle movement diagrams to demonstrate the maneuverability of the passenger vehicles in and out of the vehicle parking garage and vehicle parking stackers. The vehicle movement diagram also illustrates the functionality of all parking spaces in the proposed garage. However, it should be noted the most eastern (last) space in each garage cannot accommodate a parking stacker as the vehicle movement diagram demonstrates that for functionality of that space the entire width of the parking space is needed. Accordingly, stackers have not been shown in the eastern (last) spaces in the parking garage on the Site Plan.



8.3.3. Queueing

It is our understanding that the Town staff has some concerns with potential queuing due to the operation of the vehicle parking stackers. As indicated above, based on the video demonstration related to the operations of the vehicle parking stacker model use in this project (https://babcopark.ca/products/2-post-double-stacker/#single/0), the entire operation takes approximately 30 seconds to complete. Therefore, no queues will be expected for the following reasons:

- The expected operation of the stacker only takes about 30 seconds to complete; and
- There are only three driveways that will be equipped with parking stackers. Under the worst-case scenario, it is expected that there will be only 20 vehicles that will be entering and exiting these stackers (one vehicle every three minutes). Therefore, there are sufficient time for vehicle to access these stackers without any queueing issue. This is a highly unlikely scenario.

8.3.4. Existing Applications

Based on our research, there are several locations in the GTA that are currently using vehicle parking stackers:

- 763 Woodbine Ave, Toronto, ON M4E 2J4 currently using Klaus parking stacker system (https://klausparking.com)
- 2000 Queen St E, Toronto, ON M4L 1J2
- NOBU hotel downtown Toronto 12 units Babco parking stacker system
- 79 Elder Avenue in the City of Toronto Using the same Babco parking stacker system

9.0 BICYCLE PARKING ASSESSMENT

9.1. Bicycle Parking Requirement

Table 11 summarizes the Town of Oakville Zoning By-law No. 2014-014 bicycle parking requirement for the proposed development.

Short-term Long-term Land Use No. of Unit / GFA Total Rates **Spaces** Rates **Spaces** 48 Residential 48 units 0.25 spaces/unit 12 1.0 spaces/unit 48 0 171.15 m² 1.0 spaces/1000 m² Retail NA

Table 11 – Bicycle Parking Space Requirements

Based on the assessment provided above, the proposed development is required to provide a total of 48 bicycle parking spaces for residential and 12 for visitor, for a total of 60 bicycle parking spaces. However, the proposed development will provide a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces, including 48 long-term and 20 short-term spaces. The long bicycle parking spaces will be provided within the residential units and short-term/visitor bicycle parking spaces will be provided at a convenient location on-site, as illustrated in the proposed site plan.

9.2. Outdoor Bicycle Parking

Based on our review of the proposed development context and Ontario Traffic Manual Book 18, the following recommendations and requirements are provided when choosing outdoor bicycle parking:

- Be installed on a hard surface and be held firmly in place
- Support the bicycle upright by its frame in two places
- Prevent the bicycle from tipping over



- Be made of industrial grade materials or galvanized steel
- Enable the bicycle frame and one or both wheels to be secured
- Allow front-in parking so that a 'U-lock' may be used to secure the front wheel and the down tube of an upright bicycle
- Allow back-in parking so that a 'U-lock' may be used to secure the rear wheel and seat tube of the bicycle
- Allow use of a variety of 'U-lock' sizes by avoiding tubes with cross sections larger than 50 mm; and
- Be space efficient, allowing many bicycles to be parked in a small area without appearing cluttered or protruding into the accessible pedestrian route

To meet the requirements and recommendations noted above, we recommend that the proposed development use simple post and ring or inverted U bike rack design. **Figure 17** illustrates the recommended design.

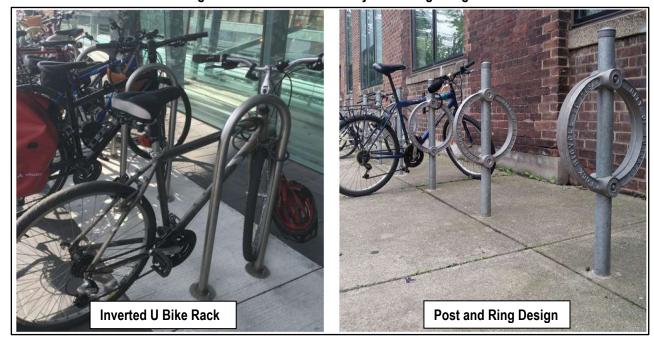


Figure 17 - Recommended Bicycle Parking Design

10.0 TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT

Transportation Demand Management (TDM) is a co-ordinated series of actions aimed at maximizing the people moving capability of the transportation system. Intended to reduce single-occupant auto use, potential TDM measures include: TDM supportive land use, bicycle and pedestrian programs and facilities, public transit improvements, preferential treatments for buses and ridesharing, where appropriate.

As the gas price is record high, along with increasing inflation, the residents will automatically find ways to conduct hybrid working as noted in Section 9 of this Study, carpool or taking transit to curb the costs of living. It is the responsibility of the Region and the Town to provide these major infrastructure options for residents, such as providing public transit and active transportation facilities, which are beyond the scope and ability of the proposed development.

The following TDM incentives are recommended for the proposed residential development, based on NexTrans' review of the development area context:



- Given that parking management is the best TDM measures, the proposed development should implement the
 recommended parking rates provided in this Study based on the comprehensive parking justifications to support
 TDM and minimize the numbers of single-occupant-vehicle trips;
- The proposed development only provides the recommended vehicle parking rates outlined in this Study;
- Provide direct shared pedestrian/bicycle connections from the proposed development to Garden Drive as illustrated in the proposed site plan, where appropriate;
- Provide a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces on-site, including 48 long-term and 20 short-term spaces; and
- Provide information package for new residents in a form of an electronic letter or email. The information package will include Oakville Transit schedules, GO Transit schedules, and community and cycling maps

These measures will be implemented through site plan submission, agreement and prior to unit occupancy.

11.0 CONCLUSIONS / FINDINGS

11.1. Study Conclusions

The findings and conclusions of the analysis are as follows:

- The proposed development is expected to generate 48 total two-way vehicle trips (15 inbound and 33 outbound) and 67 total two-way vehicle trips (39 inbound and 28 outbound) during the morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively.
- Based on the intersection capacity analysis, under the existing, future background and future total traffic
 conditions, all intersections considered in the analysis are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service,
 from overall intersection operational perspective, during both the morning and afternoon peak hours. The
 estimated queues can be accommodated within the available storage length. No critical movements have been
 identified and therefore no improvements are required to accommodate the proposed development.
 - The proposed site accesses are expected to operate at acceptable levels of service with maximum of one vehicle every 8 minutes during the peak hours. No long delays or queues are expected under the future total conditions.
- As the existing transit modal split based on 2016 TTS data is about 10% during both morning and afternoon
 peak hours, if 10% modal split is applied, the proposed development is expected to generate 5 total two-way
 transit trips (2 inbound and 3 outbound) and 7 total two-way transit trips (4 inbound and 3 outbound) during the
 morning and afternoon peak hours, respectively.
 - As the estimated transit ridership for the proposed development is very low, the two existing transit routes (Oakville Transit Bus Routes 14 & 14A Lakeshore West and 15 Bridge) can accommodate these trips. It is anticipated that no additional transit improvements in the area are required to accommodate the proposed development.
- The area will also have a complete network of active transportation facility in the future as identified in the Town
 of Oakville Active Transportation Master Plan. Therefore, no improvements are required beyond the identified
 plans to accommodate the proposed development.
- Based on the applicable Zoning By-law, the proposed development would be required to provide a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, inclusive of residential, visitor and retail uses. The proposed development generally meets the Zoning By-law parking requirements of 76 vehicle parking spaces. However, based on the recommendations of this Study, there is a slight re-balancing where some "residential" spaces are being allocated as "visitor" spaces. Therefore, it is acceptable from overall parking requirement perspective with a total 76 spaces, including 65 residential and 11 visitor spaces.

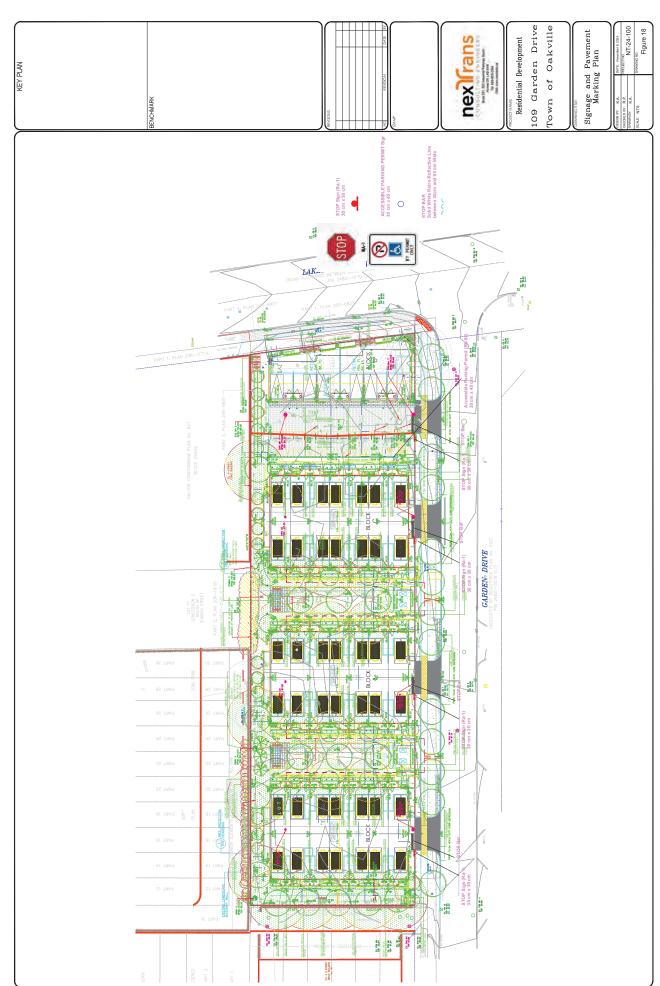


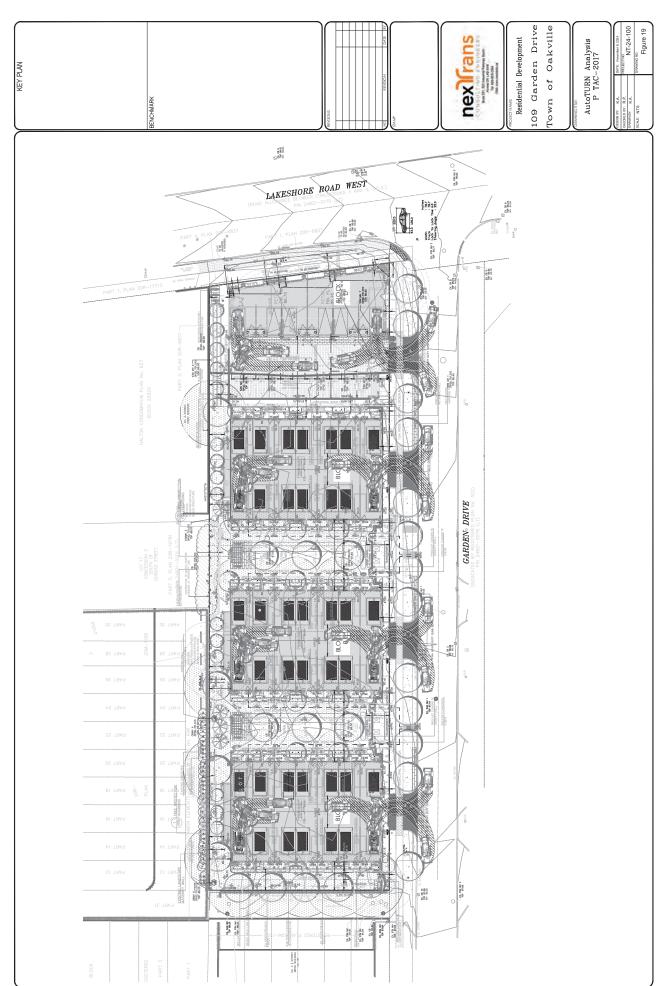
- Based on the assessment provided in this Study, the proposed development is required to provide a total of 48 bicycle parking spaces for residential and 12 for visitor, for a total of 60 bicycle parking spaces. However, the proposed development will provide a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces, including 48 long-term and 20 short-term spaces. The long bicycle parking spaces will be provided within the residential units and short-term/visitor bicycle parking spaces will be provided at a convenient location on-site, as illustrated in the proposed site plan.
- Solid waste pick-up will be conducted along Garden Drive, similar to the existing developments in the area.

11.2. Study Recommendations

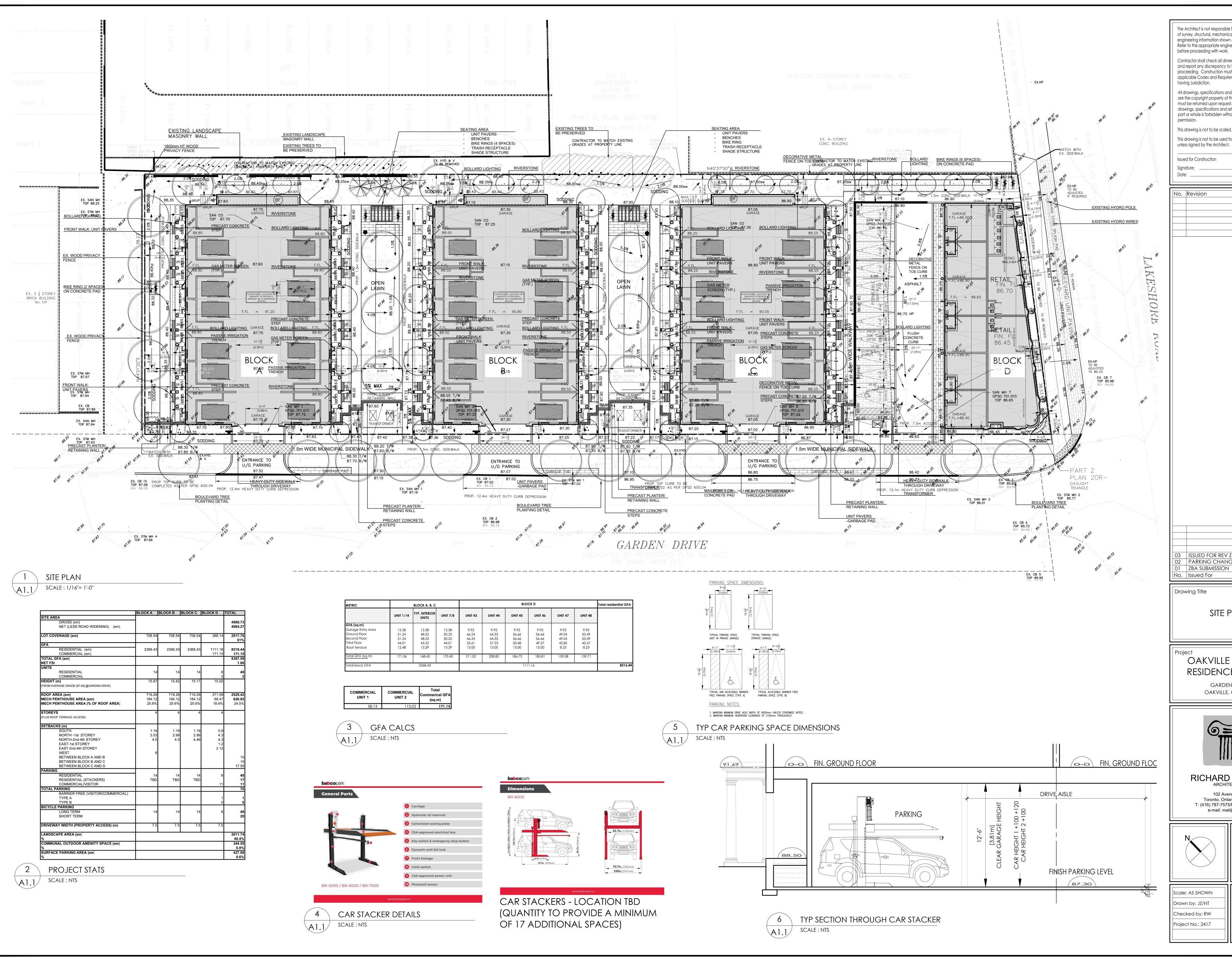
Based on the findings of this Study, the following recommendations are provided:

- The Town and the Region approve the proposed residential mixed-use development;
- The proposed development provides direct shared pedestrian/bicycle connections from the proposed development to Garden Drive and Lakeshore Road W, where appropriate;
- Only provide a total of 76 vehicle parking spaces, including 65 residential spaces and 11 visitor spaces;
- Provide a total of 68 bicycle parking spaces on-site, including 48 long-term and 12 short-term spaces; and
- The proposed development implements the TDM measures and incentives identified in this report to support
 active transportation and transit and to reduce the numbers of single-occupant-vehicle trips to and from the
 proposed development





Appendix ASubmitted Study Terms of Reference



The Architect is not responsible for the accuracy of survey, structural, mechanical, electrical, etc. engineering information shown on the drawing. Refer to the appropriate engineering drawings

> Contractor shall check all dimensions on the work and report any discrepancy to the Architect before proceeding. Construction must conform to all applicable Codes and Requirements of Authorities

All drawings, specifications and related documents are the copyright property of the Architect and must be returned upon request. Reproduction of drawings, specifications and related documents in part or whole is forbidden without the Architect's

This drawing is not to be scaled. This drawing is not to be used for construction

03 ISSUED FOR REV ZBA/SPA 08/11/24 PARKING CHANGES

SITE PLAN

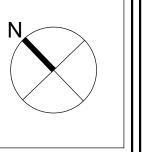
OAKVILLE GARDEN RESIDENCES CORP

> GARDEN DRIVE OAKVILLE, ONTARIO



102 Avenue Road

Toronto, Ontario M5R 2H3 T: (416) 787-7575/F: (416) 787-0635 e-mail: mail@rwainc.ca



From: Sam Nguyen

Sent: May 30, 2024 11:49 AM

To: Syed Rizvi

Cc:

Subject: 109 Garden Drive, Oakville - Proposed TIS Terms of Reference

Attachments: 2417-Site plan 2024.05.23-.pdf

Hi Syed,

We have been retained to undertake a TIS to support a proposed mixed-use development located at 109 Garden Drive, in the Town of Oakville. Please find the attached conceptual plan, without prejudice, for your information and reference. The following is a proposed scope of the TIS that takes into consideration both the Town's Traffic Impact Study Guidelines (January 2015):

- 1. Study Area intersection:
 - a. Garden Drive / Rebecca Street (unsignalized)
 - b. Garden Drive / Lakeshore Road West (unsignalized)
- 2. Horizon Year
 - a. Anticipated project completion by 2026-2027
 - b. Analysis horizon year 2029 (five-year horizon from 2024)
- 3. Background Developments and Growth Rate
 - a. Background corridor through traffic growth assumed 2.0% or based on background studies
 - b. To follow this link for active background applications <u>Active Development Applications</u>
- 4. Trip Generation
 - a. ITE Trip Generation Manual 11th Edition
 - b. Use engineering judgement, local knowledge, trip generation parameters and other data, where appropriate
- 5. Trip Distribution
 - a. Extract 2016 TTS data based on the surrounding traffic zones or use existing trip distribution, where appropriate
 - b. Use engineering judgement, catchment area or marketing information, where appropriate
- 6. Transportation Assessment
 - a. Existing conditions
 - b. Future background conditions; and
 - c. Future total conditions
 - d. The following tasks will be conducted:
 - i. Intersection operation assessment for Auto Mode (using existing signal timing and optimize as necessary) (use existing signal timings. If optimized timings are provided, they are to be provided in addition to the existing signal timings)
 - ii. Non-auto mode assessment (walking, cycling and public transit)
 - iii. Proposed development access assessment
 - iv. Vehicular and Bicycle Parking Assessment
 - v. Internal Site Circulation and loading assessment
- 7. Transit, Active Transportation and TDM
 - a. Conduct a review of the existing and proposed future transit network in the area. Based on these findings, appropriate recommendations will be provided to ensure adequate walking distances to/from the proposed development to transit stations/stops.
 - b. Review the existing and proposed future active transportation network in the area. Based on these findings, NexTrans will identify missing gaps and additional interconnections and connections

- from the proposed development to adjacent land uses, the Town's facilities, as well as to transit stations/stops.
- c. A Transportation Demand Management (TDM) assessment will be undertaken to identify specific measures and programs to reduce single-occupant-vehicle trips to/from the proposed development. These TDM measures and programs may include but not limited to, Carpooling, Auto Share, Bike racks, Parking management strategies, etc. The TDM report will be completed and included as part of this Study for submission purposes submitted in accordance with the Town's requirements. (The Applicant does not have to do a TDM report, but Transportation Planning requires:
 - Short-term bicycle parking within the property limits as per applicable Zoning Bylaw;
 - Long-term bicycle parking that is secure and shielded from the elements as per applicable Zoning Bylaw;
- d. Transportation Planning recommends that the Applicant provides
 - Transit incentives;
 - Carshare spaces:
 - Bike repair station
- 8. Parking Justification Study based on:
 - Policies
 - TDM
 - Proposed land use contexts

Thanks

Trang Nguyen (Sam)

Transportation Analyst

o: 905-503-2563 ext. 207 e: sam@nextrans.ca w: www.nextrans.ca

NexTrans Consulting Engineers
A Division of NextEng Consulting Group Inc.
520 Industrial Parkway South, Suite 201
Aurora ON L4G 6W8

Appendix BExisting Traffic Data and Signal Timing Plans

Turning Movement Count Location Name: GARDEN DR & LAKESHORE RD W Date: Tue, Jun 04, 2024 Deployment Lead: David Chu



	Int. Total (1 hr)					433	557	712	876	696	979	904	835	808					1185	1165	1143	1121	1068	1031	951	910	888						
	Int. Total (15 min)		73	104	108	148	197	259	272	241	207	184	203	214		319	311	274	281	588	588	252	228	262	509	211	206	5351					
		Approach Total	48	99	70	86	119	138	152	140	117	104	112	119		138	124	124	108	134	126	119	113	117	106	94	91	2677		20%		,	
	RD W	Peds W:	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	е					
	Eastbound LAKESHORE RD W	UTurn W:W	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	%0	%0	0	%0	
	5	Left W:N	2	-	-	-	2	4	2	-	0	-	0	0		-	-	0	-	2	-	0	0	2	2	0	0	25	%6:0	0.5%	0	%0	,
		Thru W:E	46	65	69	96	117	133	150	138	117	103	Ħ	119		136	123	124	107	132	125	119	111	115	104	94	91	2645	98.8%	49.4%	36	1.4%	,
		Right W:S	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	0	-	0		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	9	0.2%	0.1%	0	%0	
		Approach Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		-	-	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	3		0.1%	,		
: RD W)	NOE	Peds S:	2	2	0	4	4	7	9	ro.	2	22	7	Ξ		m	Ξ	4	-	4	ro.	ro.	8	9	80	2	4	111					
SHORE	Northbound SOUTH ENTRANCE	UTurn S:S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0	%0	0	%0	
LAKE	SOL	Left S:W	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	33.3%	%0	0	%0	
N DR 8		Thru S:N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0	%0	0	%0	
GARDE		Right S:E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	-	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	2	%2'99	%0	0	%0	,
Turning Movement Count (2. GARDEN DR & LAKESHORE RD W)		Approach Total	25	37	37	50	92	117	116	101	88	77	91	93		179	184	149	169	164	163	131	111	143	101	114	114	2631		49.2%			
g Move	PD W	Peds E:	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2					
Turnin	Westbound LAKESHORE RD W	UTurn E:E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	%0	%0	0	%0	
	È	Left E:S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0		-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	е	0.1%	0.1%	0	%0	
		Thru E:W	25	36	37	20	74	116	115	86	87	92	87	91		177	181	146	167	163	163	129	111	140	101	113	Ħ	2594	98.6%	48.5%	32	1.3%	,
		Right E:N	0	-	0	0	2	-	-	e	2	-	က	2		-	2	2	2	-	0	2	0	က	0	-	က	33	1.3%	%9.0	-	3%	,
		Approach Total	0	-	-	0	2	4	4	0	-	3	0	2		-	2	-	4	-	0	2	3	2	2	6	-	40		%2'0	,		
	9 K	Peds N:	-	0	2	4	r2	m	-	2	0	2	2	4		2	4	2	0	2	ro.	8	0	2	0	-	22	52					
	Southbound GARDEN DR	UTurn N:N	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0	%0	0	%0	
		N:E	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0	0	-		0	-	-	m	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	11	27.5%	0.2%	0	%0	,
		Thru N:S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	%0	%0	0	%0	
		Right N:W	0	-	-	0	2	е	m	0	-	3	0	-	:	-	-	0	-	-	0	-	3	-	2	2	-	59	72.5%	0.5%	0	%0	
	Start Time		07:00:00	07:15:00	07:30:00	07:45:00	08:00:00	08:15:00	08:30:00	08:45:00	00:00:60	09:15:00	00:08:60	09:45:00	***BREAK***	16:00:00	16:15:00	16:30:00	16:45:00	17:00:00	17:15:00	17:30:00	17:45:00	18:00:00	18:15:00	18:30:00	18:45:00	Grand Total	Approach%	Totals %	Heavy	Heavy %	Bicycles

Bicycle %

Turning Movement Count Location Name: GARDEN DR & LAKESHORE RD W Date: Tue, Jun 04, 2024 Deployment Lead: David Chu



								Peak Hour: 08:1	our: 08	:15 AM	15 AM - 09:15 AM	4M Weather: Overcast Clouds (15.6 °C)	r: Ove	rcast C	Spnot	(15.6 °C									
Start Time				Southbound GARDEN DR	yund V DR				Ś	Westbound LAKESHORE RD W	w Or				Š	Northbound SOUTH ENTRANCE	ANCE				1	Eastbound LAKESHORE RD W	nd E RD W		Int. Total (15 min)
	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds	Approach Total	Right	Thru	Left	UTum	Peds	Approach Total	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds /	Approach Total	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds	Approach Total	
08:15:00	8	0	-	0	е	4	-	116	0	0	0	117	0	0	0	0	7	0	-	133	4	0	0	138	259
08:30:00	е	0	-	0	-	4	-	115	0	0	0	116	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	150	2	0	0	152	272
08:45:00	0	0	0	0	2	0	6	86	0	0	0	101	0	0	0	0	2	0	-	138	-	0	0	140	241
00:00:60	-	0	0	0	0	-	2	87	0	0	0	68	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	117	0	0	0	117	207
Grand Total	_	0	2	0	9	6	7	416	0	0	0	423	0	0	0	0	20	0	2	538	7	0	0	547	979
Approach%	77.8%	%0	22.2%	%0			1.7%	98.3%	%0	%0			%0	%0	%0	%0			0.4%	98.4%	1.3%	%0			
Totals %	0.7%	%0	0.2%	%0		%6:0	%2.0	42.5%	%0	%0		43.2%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	0.2%	22%	%2.0	%0		55.9%	
PHF	0.58	0	0.5	0		0.56	0.58	6:0	0	0		6:0	0	0	0	0		0	0.5	6.0	0.44	0		6:0	
Heavy	0	0	0	0	I I I	0	 0 1	0 0	 - 	1 0	 	10	 0 	 0 			 	0	0		 0 1	0 1	 		
Heavy %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	2.4%	%0	%0		2.4%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	1.3%	%0	%0		1.3%	
Lights			8	0		 		403	 o 	0		410	 0 	 	0	0		0	 N N	527	7	0		236	
Lights %	100%	%0	100%	%0		100%	100%	%6.9%	%0	%0		%6.9%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	100%	%86	100%	%0		%86	
Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0		0	0	S	0	0		ю	0	0	0	0		0	0	4	0	0		4	
Single-Unit Trucks %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	1.2%	%0	%0		1.2%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%2.0	%0	%0		0.7%	
Buses	0	0	0	0		0	0	4	0	0		4	0	0	0	0		0	0	7	0	0		2	
% sesng	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	1%	%0	%0		%6:0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	0.4%	%0	%0		0.4%	
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0		0	0	-	0	0		-	0	0	0	0		0	0	-	0	0		-	
Articulated Trucks %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	0.2%	%0	%0		0.2%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	0.2%	%0	%0		0.2%	
Bicycles on Road	0	0	0	0		0	0	ю	0	0		Ф	0	0	0	0		0	0	4	0	0		4	
Bicycles on Road %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%2.0	%0	%0		%2'0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%2.0	%0	%0		0.7%	
Pedestrians	•	•	,	,	Ω				,	,	0	,		,		,	19	,	,	,	,	,	0	,	
Pedestrians%	•	•			19.2%				,		%0		,	,			73.1%			,			%0		
Bicycles on Crosswalk				•	-	,		,			0	,				,	-	,	,	,	,		0		

%0

3.8%

%0

3.8%

Bicycles on Crosswalk%

Turning Movement Count Location Name: GARDEN DR & LAKESHORE RD W Date: Tue, Jun 04, 2024 Deployment Lead: David Chu



								Peak H	our: 04	:00 PM	Peak Hour: 04:00 PM - 05:00 PM	PM Weather: Overcast Clouds (25.02 °C)	: Overc	ast Clc	onds (2	5.02 °C	_								
Start Time				Southbound GARDEN DR	und V DR				LAK	Westbound LAKESHORE RD W	M Q				SOL	Northbound SOUTH ENTRANCE	NOE				_ \	Eastbound LAKESHORE RD W	Pr RD W		Int. Total (15 min)
	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds	Approach Total	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds	Approach Total	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds A	Approach Total	Right	Thru	Left	UTurn	Peds	Approach Total	
16:00:00	-	0	0	0	2	-	-	171	-	0	0	179	0	0	-	0	3	-	-	136	-	0	0	138	319
16:15:00	-	0	-	0	4	2	2	181	-	0	0	184	-	0	0	0	=	-	0	123	-	0	0	124	311
16:30:00	0	0	-	0	2	-	2	146	0	-	0	149	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	124	0	0	0	124	274
16:45:00	-	0	е е	0	0	4	2	167	0	0	0	169	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	107	-	0	0	108	281
Grand Total	6	0	22	0	8	8	7	671	2	-	0	681	-	0	-	0	19	2	-	490	e	0	0	494	1185
Approach%	37.5%	%0	62.5%	%0			1%	98.5%	0.3%	0.1%			20%	%0	20%	%0			0.2%	99.2%	%9:0	%0			
Totals %	0.3%	%0	0.4%	%0		0.7%	%9:0	26.6%	0.2%	0.1%		57.5%	0.1%	%0	0.1%	%0		0.2%	0.1%	41.4%	0.3%	%0		41.7%	
PHF	0.75	0	0.42	0		0.5	0.88	0.93	0.5	0.25		0.93	0.25	0	0.25	0		0.5	0.25	6.0	0.75	0		0.89	
Heavy	0	 0 	 0 1	0	 	0	 0 1	 0	101	1 0	 	 	 0 1	0	0	0		0	101	 00 0	 0 	0	 	 	
Heavy %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	1.3%	%0	%0		1.3%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	1.6%	%0	%0		1.6%	
Lights	, m	0	1 2 1 1 1 1	0		80		929	 N N	-		999	-	0	-	0		0	-	472	 (6) 	0		476	
Lights %	100%	%0	100%	%0		100%	100%	97.8%	100%	100%		97.8%	100%	%0	100%	%0		100%	100%	96.3%	100%	%0		96.4%	
Single-Unit Trucks	0	0	0	0		0	0	4	0	0		4	0	0	0	0		0	0	4	0	0		4	
Single-Unit Trucks %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%9.0	%0	%0		%9:0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	0.8%	%0	%0		0.8%	
Buses	0	0	0	0		0	0	ις	0	0		Ω	0	0	0	0		0	0	4	0	0		4	
% sesng	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%2.0	%0	%0		0.7%	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	0.8%	%0	%0		0.8%	
Articulated Trucks	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0		0	
Articulated Trucks %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	
Bicycles on Road	0	0	0	0		0	0	9	0	0		9	0	0	0	0		0	0	10	0	0		10	
Bicycles on Road %	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	%6.0	%0	%0		%6:0	%0	%0	%0	%0		%0	%0	5%	%0	%0		2%	
Pedestrians	•	•			80						0	,	,	,	,	,	17		,	,	,		0		
Pedestrians%	,	,	,	,	29.6%		,	,	,	,	%0		,	,	,	,	%89		,	,	,	,	%0		
Bicycles on Crosswalk					0						0						2	,					0		

%0

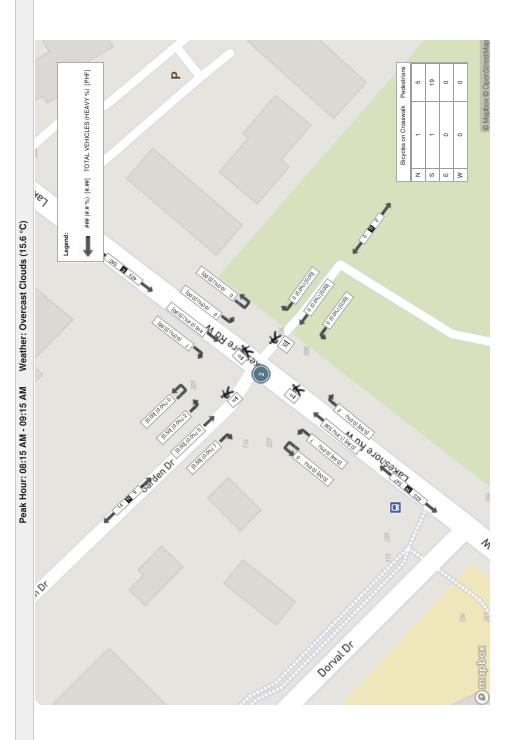
7.4%

%0

%0

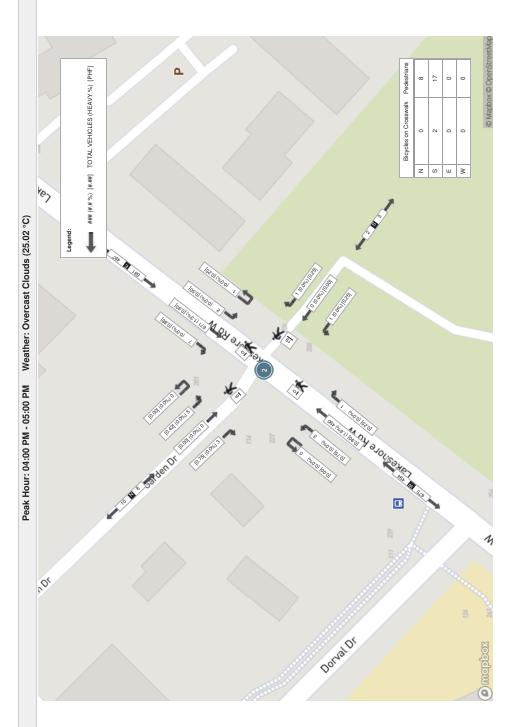
Bicycles on Crosswalk%





NXT24L1B





NXT24L1B

Higp@VM/sv: m: eTKsheT t sop Tbe Npm: GGARDEN DR & RELEKKA SH DpT GH: , Jhe c5, 0c05 D: dasym: eTi : pn@Dpv@ KUh



	Int. Total (1 hr)					54c	684	- 4c	874	717	781	707	854	1.72					717	1c07	1086	11c4	1016	1008	7c1	851	806			*		*	*	*
	Int. Total (15 min)		4	75	106	146	000	048	140	058	010	17c	178	176		025	041	800	064	085	211	057	900	110	010	176	182	5091						
		AddspoUHs Fa	52	52)	75	85	165	120	110	10c	110	10c	115		85	77	70	115	118	105	101	77	74	101	1c2	77	06c5		57BD-	*	*	*	*
	₽ E	f.: O	o	υ	-	o	υ	-	υ	υ	-	O	υ	v		υ	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	-	o	o	o	22						
	Eastbound RELEKKA SH	u Hhge i G	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	٥	o	0	0		٥	٥	٥	0	0	٥	٥	٥	٥	٥	٥	0	o	ò	ò	υ	ò	*	*
		-: - -: -8	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	υ	-	O	0	υ	-		-	O	-	O	O	O	-	O	O	-	-	-	10	ė	9	0	-00	*	*
		H :-	52	52	47	72	82	165	121	147	117	42	118	110		18	74	87	110	116	102	=	74	9/			9/	0560	71 88-	58BI-	4c	<u>-</u> 60	*	
		ROWLT SD	o	o	-	-	o	o	-	0	-	0	0	2		0	2	o	ιΩ	2	-	2	2	-	2	9	2	55	ē	cB.	υ	ပ်	*	*
		AddspoUHs Tpa	2	10	9	4	4	10	7	2	_	9	_	9		2	0	2	0	4	2	0	9	8	9	0	0	10c	,	- 9 0	*	*	*	
ST)	_	f: nP SC	υ	υ	2	-	Ξ	7	4	9	-	9	r2	D.		0	0	4	ro.	2	4	2	-	-	-	-	2	80						
BECCA	Northbound GARDEN DR	u Hhge SG	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o		o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	ó	ò	o	ò	*	*
3 & REI	20	t:rT SC	-	4	22	0	0	2	9	0	22	2	2	2		0	0	-	0	22	2	0	0	22	2	0	0	46	65ED-	<u>₽</u>	0	b		,
DEN DI		SQU	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	-	o		°	-	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	0	0	- <u>B</u>	ò	0	b	*	*
I. GAR		ROWLT SOE	0	ω.	-	ro.	22	4	D.	-	2	0	2	-		-	-	0	0	0	-	o	2	r2	0	o	o	62	55B)-	÷	-	Ē	*	*
Movement Count (1. GARDEN DR & REBECCA ST)		Add@poUHsTpa	20	27	57	42	111	1c0	=	0	81	1.5	0	01		151	14c	126	128	168	181	104	10c	110	1c2	88	8c	0520		518	,	,	*	*
Turning Mc	3 5	f: nP EC	υ	υ	υ	0	υ	-	υ	υ	O	υ	υ	U		υ	-	O	O	O	-	-	O	O	O	O	o	4						
Tur	Westbound RELEKKA SH	u Hhge EGE	υ	υ	υ	υ	v	υ	υ	v	O	o	υ	v		υ	o	o	o	o	O	O	o	o	o	o	o	o	ò	ò	o	ò	*	*
		t:rT E®	-	-	o	-	0	0	o	o	0	-	0	o		-	2	-	-	-	0	-	4	22	0	2	2	50	- - -	<u>e</u>	o	ò	*	*
		H EG	20	28	22	40	1c7	8	116	47	17	0_	4	Ξ		154	191	122	124	164	180	105	115	25	77	85	4	02 2	71 84-	548	40	-180	*	*
		ROWLT	٥	o	o	o	o	o	0	-	o	-	-	-		٥	0	-	-	-	2	-	0	0	0	-	-	17	69	e e	O	ò	*	*
		Add@poUHs pa	v	0	-	0	-	0	2	2	0	-	-	2		o	o	o	0	0	0	υ	-	-	-	0	0	26	,	CB-			*	*
	- m	n: NC P	υ	0	-	-	7	9	80	2	O	-	υ	0		2	2	4	-	-	2	4	9	-	0	4	o	9 -						
	Southbound GARDEN DR	age NG	v	υ	o	o	υ	o	υ	υ	o	υ	o	v		υ	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	ò	ò	υ	ò	*	*
	w o	t∷r] NŒ	o	0	-	o	υ	0	0	0	0	-	-	2		o	0	0	-	-	-	0	-	0	0	0	-	02	46B-	-BB	υ	ò	*	*
		£ S S S S S	o	υ	υ	υ	o	υ	υ	o	U	o	υ	o		o	o	o	o	o	U	U	o	-	o	o	-	0	- B 9	ò	o	-5	*	*
		ROUT	٥	o	o	0	-	o	-	-	o	o	o	-		٥	o	o	-	-	-	o	o	o	-	o	0	5	-18B0	C 📆	-	-01	*	*
	1100	Start lime	ට ලියලිය	cl Q6@c	ට ශීරණීර	cl @6 @c	ා නුංකු8ා	c8G6@c	c8@c@c	c8ඇලෙ	○ වල ලෙල	c706@c	ი7⊄ීගෙගිග	c7ആ@c	333L REA9333	14@c@c	14G6@c	14@c@c	14ആക്ര	11 @c@c	11 G6@c	11 @c@c	11 ആക്രം	18დიდი	18വിക്	1800000	18 G 6@c	Grand Total	Approach%	Totals %	Heavy	Heavy %	Bicycles	Bicycle %



048 041 058 010 987 AddgspoUHs Tpa 8 19 68B4-CB5-15 0B-667-74B-165 120 10 100 ΕÞ f : nP O O n Hhge O O o O Ē 165 121 147 117 612 - -68BI-5 9 ROM 9 8 AddgspoUHs Tpa 9 cB2 c c c 1 07 ò f : nP 4 9 -10 01 60B Northbound GARDEN DR Weather: Overcast Clouds (15.6 °C) n Hhge O o Ω 9 D 16 61B-19 O ROUT 4 15 AddgspoUHs Tpa 100 288-258 258 7581-81 21 c cB7 Ξ 0 Ē Ŗ Peak Hour: 08:15 AM - 09:15 AM f : nP -O o o Westbound RELEKKA SH n Hhge O o O 0 116 8 1 47 78BicB7 15 2B-251 228-Ē Ë ROM 0 o O 0 6 2 O O ပ AddgspoUHs Tpa 0 -0 -01 9 0 f : nP - <u>6</u> 2 o n Hhge 0 RONCT 8 **Bicycles on Crosswalk** Single-Unit Trucks % Articulated Trucks % Bicycles on Road % Single-Unit Trucks Articulated Trucks **Bicycles on Road** Pedestrians% Grand Total Heavy Approach% Pedestrians Totals % % sasng **ი**8ტმტი Heavy % Lights Lights % Buses Start Time **8**മൂർ 27@c@c c8G6@c H

Bicycles on Crosswalk%



Hngs@VMsv: m: eTKsheT t sop'Tee Npm: CGARDEN DR & RELEKKA SH DpT CH1; Jhe c5, 0c05 D: dasym: eTt: pnCDpv@ KUh

N: Hgoep Su'ME 0c1 60c MDu SHR'M 1 AR91 Ax SI u HY Au RI RA I NHAR%, 15G4 i 8 KANADA

								Peak	Hour: (Peak Hour: 04:45 PM - 05:45 PM	1 - 05:4		Weather: Overcast Clouds (25.02 °C)	reast C	louds (2	5.02 °C)									
Start Time				Southbound GARDEN DR	und					Westbound RELEKKA SH	_				20	Northbound GARDEN DR					<u></u>	Eastbound RELEKKA SH	_		Int. Total (15 min)
	ROWLT	HUgh	tiri	n Hyge	f : n	AddgspoUHs Þa	ROUT	HUğ	t:n	n Hhge	f : nP	AddgspoUHs Þa	ROUT	HQH.	t:rI	n Hhge	f : nP	AddgspoUHs Fpa	ROUT	НОĞ	t:rI	n Hhge	f : nP	AddgspoUHs þa	
14Œ6@c	-	υ	-	٥	-	0	-	124	-	o	٥	128	0	υ	o	o	2	0	22	110	٥	v	o	115	064
11 @c@c	-	υ	-	o	-	0	-	164	-	0	0	168	0	O	2	0	2	4	2	116	o	o	o	118	085
11 G6@c	-	υ	-	υ	2	0	2	180	0	o	-	181	-	υ	2	o	4	22	-	102	o	υ	o	105	211
11 @c@c	٥	υ	o	o	4	o	-	105	-	0	-	104	o	U	0	0	2	0	2	=	-	υ	v	101	057
Grand Total	2	o	2	٥	Ξ	4	4	879	9	0	0	4c7	9	o	7	0	14	15	Ξ	546	-	v	o	211	1106
Approach%	-99	٥	-99	٥		*	÷	78BD-	ė	ò			268-	ò	45E2-	÷			-20	71 BB	e e	ò			
Totals %	C 188	ò	- M	-5		-99	- <u>H</u>	65BI-	- <u>99</u>	-5		-E999	- <u>-</u> 9	ò	- EB	-5		-MI	÷	-09	с В -	-5		52Bi-	
PHF	0₽9°	0	c⊞6	o		cB6	69	089	c B 2	o		CB31	c B 42	o	c 1654	0		c 1688	CB47	c B 6	cB06	0		cB4	
Heavy	 - 	i o 	 0 	 0 	! ! !	-	 0 1	 - 	 0 	 0 		-	 0 	 0 	 	 0	 	 	1 0	4 4 1	 -	 	 	 	
Heavy %	22B-	ò	ò	ò		14B-	ò	=	ò	-5		18-	ò	ò	-b	ò		-5	ò	<u>+</u>	100-	ò		-	
Lights	0	0	 (N 	 		9	1 4	685	 19 1			929	 9 	 	7	0			=	565	0			546	
Lights %	448-	ò	100-	ò		82B2-	100-	71 B -	100-	-5		71 B-	-991	-5	100-	-5		100-	-90	7 18	-5	ò		71 👺-	
Single-Unit Trucks	-	O	o	o		-	o	-	o	o		-	o	o	o	o		o	o	0	-	o		2	
Single-Unit Trucks %	22B2-	÷	-5	-0		148-	ò	C 📆	-5	ò		- M	ò	-5	ò	ò		ò	-5	- 1	100-	ò		- M -2	
Buses	ο	o	o	o		O	o	9	υ	o		9	ο	ο	o	o		o	ο	2	0	o		2	
% sesng	ò	÷	-5	-0		ò	ò	C 68	-5	ò		- G	ò	-5	ò	ò		ò	-5	- i	-b	ò		- M -2	
Articulated Trucks	O	o	0	o		o	0	-	o	o		-	o	o	0	o		o	o	-	o	0		-	
Articulated Trucks %	ò	ò	ò	-0		ò	ò	C 69	-5	ò		- GB	ò	ò	ò	÷		ò	ò	C BB	ò	ò		CB0-	
Bicycles on Road	ο	o	0	o		O	o	-	υ	o		_	ο	ο	o	o		o	ο	9	0	o		9	
Bicycles on Road %	ò	÷	-5	-0		ò	ò	-	-5	ò		18-	ò	-5	ò	ò		ò	-5	18-	-b	ò		<u></u>	
Pedestrians	*	*	*	*	10	*	*	*	*	*	0	*	*	*	*	*	16	*	*	*	*	*	o	*	
Pedestrians%	*	*	*	*	25B-		*	*	*	*	4B-		*	*	*	*	61B-		*	*	*	*	÷		
Bicycles on Crosswalk		*	*	*	-	*	٠	*	*	*	o	*	*	*	*	*	-	*	*			,	0	*	

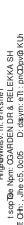
ò

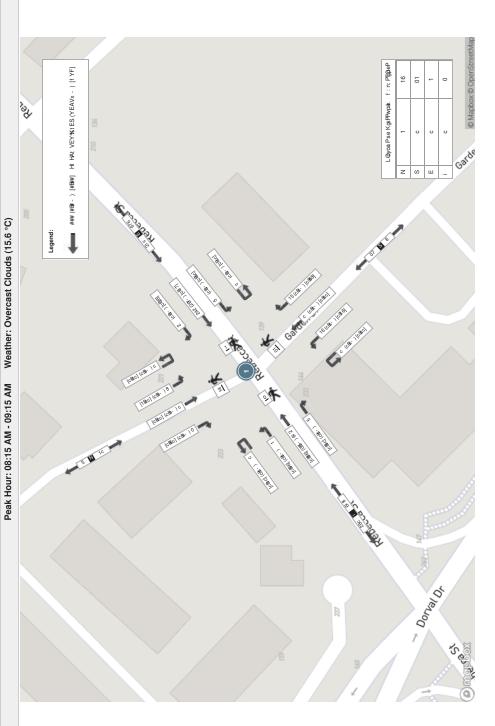
2₿-

Bicycles on Crosswalk%

Hhgp@VM/sv: m: eTKsheT t sopTge Npm: OSARDEN DR & RELEKKA SH DpT GH:, Jhe c5, 0c05 D: dæym: eTt: pnODpv@ KUh

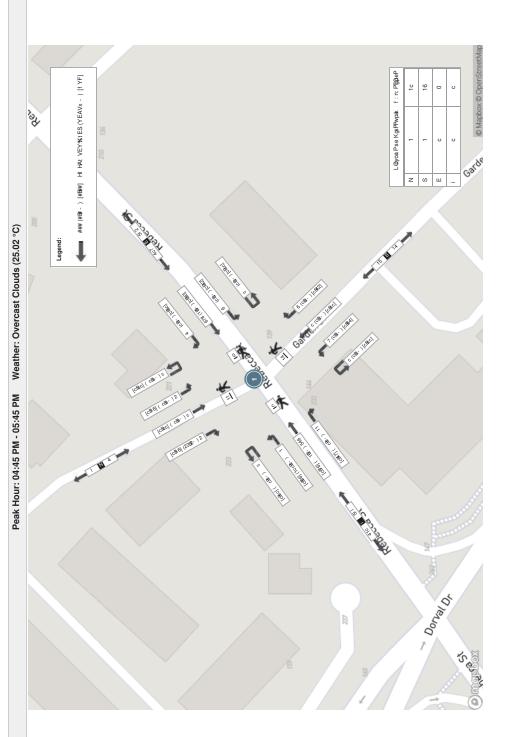
Spectrum





Hhgp@VM/sv: m: eTKsheT t sopTge Npm: OSARDEN DR & RELEKKA SH DpT GH:, Jhe c5, 0c05 D: dæym: eTt: pnODpv@ KUh





Appendix C

Existing Traffic Level of Service Calculations

	۶	→	*	•	+	4	1	†	~	-	+	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	ħ		7	- ↑			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	7	538	2	0	416	7	0	0	0	2	0	7
Future Volume (Veh/h)	7	538	2	0	416	7	0	0	0	2	0	7
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Hourly flow rate (vph)	8	598	2	0	462	8	0	0	0	2	0	8
Pedestrians								20			6	
Lane Width (m)								3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)								1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage								2			0	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	476			620			1105	1111	619	1086	1108	472
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	476			620			1105	1111	619	1086	1108	472
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	99			100			100	100	100	99	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	1091			955			180	205	484	190	206	593
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	8	600	0	470	0	10						
Volume Left	8	0	0	0	0	2						
Volume Right	0	2	0	8	0	8						
cSH	1091	1700	1700	1700	1700	417						
Volume to Capacity	0.01	0.35	0.00	0.28	0.00	0.02						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6						
Control Delay (s)	8.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.8						
Lane LOS	A	0.0	0.0	0.0	A	В						
Approach Delay (s)	0.1		0.0		0.0	13.8						
Approach LOS	0.1		0.0		A	В						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.2									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		38.4%	IC	CU Level of	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

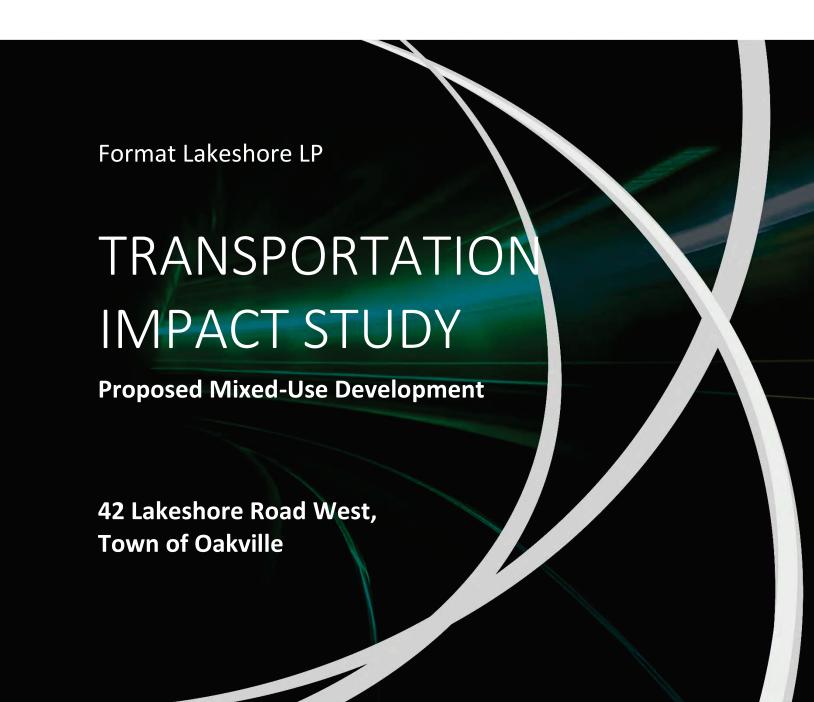
	۶	-	*	•	+	4	1	†	~	-	+	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	*	f)		7	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	1	573	4	4	363	3	15	0	14	8	0	2
Future Volume (Veh/h)	1	573	4	4	363	3	15	0	14	8	0	2
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	682	5	5	432	4	18	0	17	10	0	2
Pedestrians		2			1			21			16	
Lane Width (m)		3.5			3.5			3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage		0			0			2			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	452			708			1154	1170	706	1162	1170	452
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	452			708			1154	1170	706	1162	1170	452
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			99			89	100	96	94	100	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	1105			885			167	188	431	160	187	603
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	1	687	5	436	35	12						
Volume Left	1	0	5	0	18	10						
Volume Right	0	5	0	4	17	2						
cSH	1105	1700	885	1700	238	182						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.40	0.01	0.26	0.15	0.07						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.1	1.7						
Control Delay (s)	8.3	0.0	9.1	0.0	22.7	26.1						
Lane LOS	A	0.0	A	0.0	C	D D						
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.1		22.7	26.1						
Approach LOS	0.0		0.1		C	D						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			1.0									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		41.1%	IC	CU Level	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	۶	→	*	•	+	4	1	†	~	/	+	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	£		ሻ	₽			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	3	490	1	3	671	7	1	0	1	5	0	3
Future Volume (Veh/h)	3	490	1	3	671	7	1	0	1	5	0	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Hourly flow rate (vph)	3	527	1	3	722	8	1	0	1	5	0	3
Pedestrians								19			8	
Lane Width (m)								3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)								1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage								2			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	738			547			1284	1296	546	1274	1293	734
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	738			547			1284	1296	546	1274	1293	734
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			100			99	100	100	96	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	872			1017			137	159	533	141	160	421
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	3	528	3	730	2	8						
Volume Left	3	0	3	0	1	5						
Volume Right	0	1	0	8	1	3						
cSH	872	1700	1017	1700	218	188						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.31	0.00	0.43	0.01	0.04						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	1.1						
Control Delay (s)	9.1	0.0	8.6	0.0	21.7	25.0						
Lane LOS	Α		Α		С	D						
Approach Delay (s)	0.1		0.0		21.7	25.0						
Approach LOS					С	D						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.2									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		45.7%	IC	CU Level	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
. ,												

	۶	-	•	•	←	•	1	†	~	/	↓	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	1>			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	1	465	11	5	598	6	9	0	5	3	0	3
Future Volume (Veh/h)	1	465	11	5	598	6	9	0	5	3	0	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	484	11	5	623	6	9	0	5	3	0	3
Pedestrians					2			16			11	
Lane Width (m)					3.5			3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)					1.2			1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage					0			1			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	640			511			1144	1158	508	1140	1160	637
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	640			511			1144	1158	508	1140	1160	637
tC, single (s)	5.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.5
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	3.1			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.6
p0 queue free %	100			100			95	100	99	98	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	605			1051			171	192	561	172	192	422
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	1	495	5	629	14	6						
Volume Left	1	0	5	0	9	3						
Volume Right	0	11	0	6	5	3						
cSH	605	1700	1051	1700	228	245						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.37	0.06	0.02						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.6	0.6						
Control Delay (s)	11.0	0.0	8.4	0.0	21.8	20.1						
Lane LOS	В		Α		С	С						
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.1		21.8	20.1						
Approach LOS					С	С						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.4									
Intersection Capacity Utilization	n		42.5%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Appendix D Background Development Traffic Volumes





Trip distribution was determined based on apartment dwelling and retail trip distributions during AM and PM peak hours. Trip assignment was based on the local road network, turn restrictions, changes in future network (i.e., assumed none for this analysis), logical routing and type of access proposed for the site.

The distribution of residential and retail site trips is summarized in **Table 4-4**. Detailed TTS calculations are provided in **Appendix D.**

Table 4-4: Subject Site Trip Distribution

		Resid	ential			Re	tail	
Path	А	М	Р	М	А	М	Р	М
	ln	Out	ln	Out	ln	Out	ln	Out
Kerr North	27%	14%	14%	27%	26%	21%	21%	26%
Kerr South	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%
Chisolm North	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Chisolm South	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%
Forsythe North	2%	0%	0%	2%	6%	3%	3%	6%
Lakeshore West	56%	31%	31%	56%	55%	40%	40%	55%
Lakeshore East	15%	55%	55%	15%	12%	33%	33%	12%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

4.3.1 Subject Site Traffic Volumes and Access Assumptions

The subject development will introduce a new site access that will intersect with Chisolm Street. The site access will facilitate one lane of traffic in each direction and will be a full-moves access accommodate left-and right-turns into and out of the site.

The total site-generated traffic volumes for the weekday AM and PM peak hours on the study area road network, including the proposed site access, are illustrated in **Figure 4-1**.

Kerr St Wilson St Chisolm St Forsythe St 7 (8) (6)t Lakeshore (1) 5 17 (18) 24 (26) Rd W 3 (19) (23) (1) t 25 (14) 11 (21) 16 27 (3) 26 -(3)(24)16 1 (30)Subject (48)Site 20 Access (37) 51 LEGEND *Not to Scale X A.M. Peak Hour Volumes (X) P.M. Peak Hour Volumes

Figure 4-1: Total Subject Site Weekday Peak Hour Traffic Volumes

Signalized Intersection





Traffic Impact Study

Proposed Residential Development 550 Kerr Street

Zelinka Priamo Ltd.



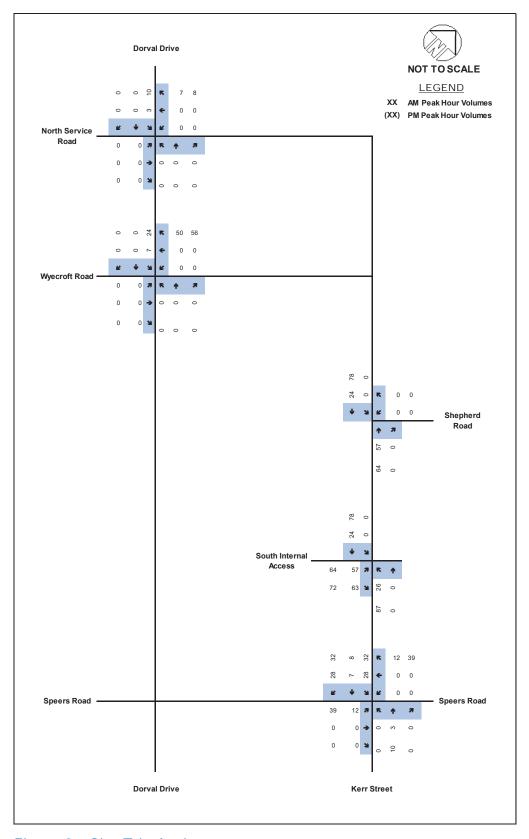


Figure 9 Site Trip Assignment



UPPER KERR VILLAGE PART 2 TRANSPORTATION ASSESSMENT OFFICIAL PLAN AMENDMENT

Transportation Considerations Report

Prepared For: Urban Strategies Inc.

February 2, 2022



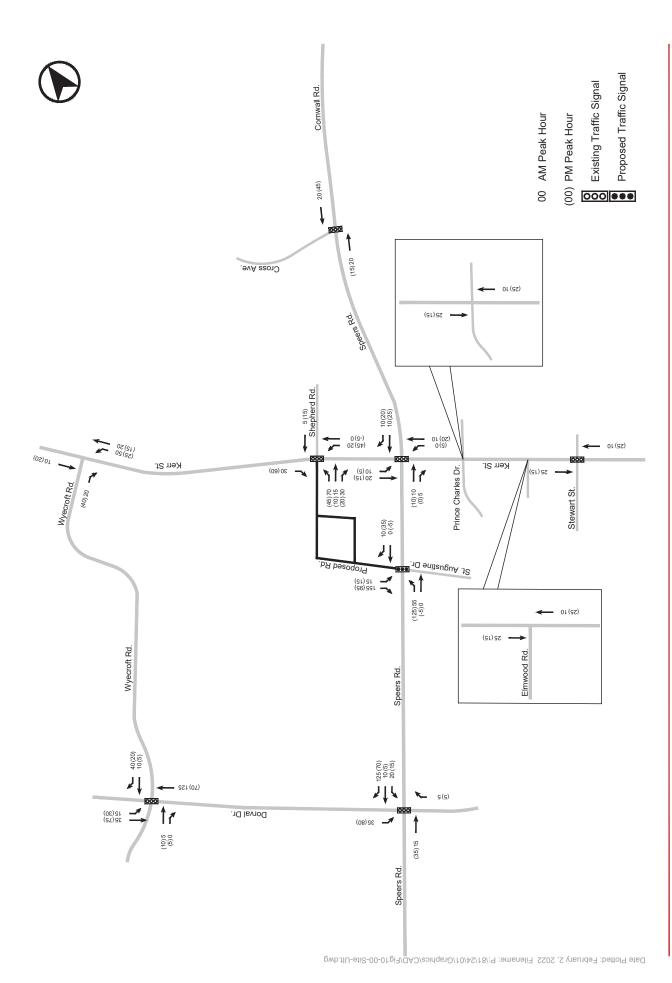


FIGURE 10 NEW SITE TRAFFIC VOLUMES (ULTIMATE)

Appendix EFuture Background Level of Service Calculations

	۶	→	•	•	+	4	1	†	~	/	+	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	£		ሻ	₽			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	7	605	2	0	476	7	0	0	0	2	0	7
Future Volume (Veh/h)	7	605	2	0	476	7	0	0	0	2	0	7
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Hourly flow rate (vph)	8	672	2	0	529	8	0	0	0	2	0	8
Pedestrians								20			6	
Lane Width (m)								3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)								1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage								2			0	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	543			694			1246	1252	693	1227	1249	539
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	543			694			1246	1252	693	1227	1249	539
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	99			100			100	100	100	99	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	1031			896			144	169	440	152	170	544
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	8	674	0	537	0	10						
Volume Left	8	0	0	0	0	2						
Volume Right	0	2	0	8	0	8						
cSH	1031	1700	1700	1700	1700	359						
Volume to Capacity	0.01	0.40	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.03						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7						
Control Delay (s)	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.3						
Lane LOS	Α				Α	С						
Approach Delay (s)	0.1		0.0		0.0	15.3						
Approach LOS					Α	С						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.2									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		42.0%	IC	CU Level	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
, (',												

	۶	-	•	•	←	•	1	†	~	-	Ţ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	£		7	₽			₽			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	1	633	4	4	401	3	15	0	14	8	0	2
Future Volume (Veh/h)	1	633	4	4	401	3	15	0	14	8	0	2
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	754	5	5	477	4	18	0	17	10	0	2
Pedestrians		2			1			21			16	
Lane Width (m)		3.5			3.5			3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage		0			0			2			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	497			780			1270	1286	778	1279	1287	497
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	497			780			1270	1286	778	1279	1287	497
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			99			87	100	96	92	100	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	1063			832			139	160	392	132	160	569
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	1	759	5	481	35	12						
Volume Left	1	0	5	0	18	10						
Volume Right	0	5	0	4	17	2						
cSH	1063	1700	832	1700	202	152						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.45	0.01	0.28	0.17	0.08						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	4.9	2.0						
Control Delay (s)	8.4	0.0	9.4	0.0	26.5	30.8						
Lane LOS	Α		Α		D	D						
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.1		26.5	30.8						
Approach LOS					D	D						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			1.0									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	tion		44.2%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	۶	→	•	•	+	4	1	†	~	/	+	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	ĵ.		ሻ	₽			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	3	555	1	3	759	7	1	0	1	5	0	3
Future Volume (Veh/h)	3	555	1	3	759	7	1	0	1	5	0	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Hourly flow rate (vph)	3	597	1	3	816	8	1	0	1	5	0	3
Pedestrians								19			8	
Lane Width (m)								3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)								1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage								2			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	832			617			1448	1460	616	1438	1457	828
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	832			617			1448	1460	616	1438	1457	828
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			100			99	100	100	95	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	804			958			105	127	486	109	127	372
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	3	598	3	824	2	8						
Volume Left	3	0	3	0	1	5						
Volume Right	0	1	0	8	1	3						
cSH	804	1700	958	1700	173	148						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.35	0.00	0.48	0.01	0.05						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.4						
Control Delay (s)	9.5	0.0	8.8	0.0	26.0	30.7						
Lane LOS	Α		Α		D	D						
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.0		26.0	30.7						
Approach LOS					D	D						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.2									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	ion		50.4%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									
,												

	۶	-	*	•	←	•	1	†	~	/	Į.	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		ሻ	1>			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	1	513	11	5	660	6	9	0	5	3	0	3
Future Volume (Veh/h)	1	513	11	5	660	6	9	0	5	3	0	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	534	11	5	688	6	9	0	5	3	0	3
Pedestrians					2			16			11	
Lane Width (m)					3.5			3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)					1.2			1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage					0			1			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	705			561			1258	1272	558	1255	1275	702
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	705			561			1258	1272	558	1255	1275	702
tC, single (s)	5.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.5
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	3.1			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.6
p0 queue free %	100			100			94	100	99	98	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	566			1007			143	164	526	144	164	386
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	1	545	5	694	14	6						
Volume Left	1	0	5	0	9	3						
Volume Right	0	11	0	6	5	3						
cSH	566	1700	1007	1700	193	209						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.41	0.07	0.03						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	1.9	0.7						
Control Delay (s)	11.4	0.0	8.6	0.0	25.1	22.7						
Lane LOS	В		Α		D	С						
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.1		25.1	22.7						
Approach LOS					D	С						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.4									
Intersection Capacity Utilizatio	n		45.8%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Appendix F

2016 Transportation Tomorrow Survey (TTS)
Data Analysis

Mode of Transportation - AM Peak Period

Cross Tabulation Query Form - Trip - 2016

Row: Primary travel mode of trip - mode_prime Column: 2006 GTA zone of household - gta06_hhld

Filters:

and

2006 GTA zone of household - gta06_hhld In 4006 4007 4010 4012 4013 4015 4016

and

Start time of trip - start_time In 600-900

Trip 2016 Table:

Mode of Transportation/Traffic Zones	4006	4007	4010	4012	4013	4015	4016	Total	Percentage
Transit excluding GO rail	0	0	52	114	0	0	0	166	2%
Cycle	57	19	35	0	21	0	0	132	1%
Auto driver	613	2490	559	1632	462	509	308	6573	72%
GO rail only	138	161	64	87	56	12	60	578	6%
Joint GO rail and local transit	0	0	61	118	22	0	0	201	2%
Motorcycle	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	6	0%
Auto passenger	97	480	74	329	74	9	20	1083	12%
Walk	57	101	35	178	21	0	0	392	4%
Total	962	3251	880	2464	656	530	388	9131	100%

Mode of Transportation - PM Peak Period

Cross Tabulation Query Form - Trip - 2016

Row: Primary travel mode of trip - mode_prime Column: 2006 GTA zone of household - gta06_hhld

Filters:

Primary travel mode of trip - mode_prime In B C D G J M P T U W

and

2006 GTA zone of household - gta06_hhld In 4006 4007 4010 4012 4013 4015 4016

and

Start time of trip - start_time In 1600-1900

Trip 2016 Table:

Mode of Transportation/Traffic Zones	4006	4007	4010	4012	4013	4015	4016	Total	Percentage
Transit excluding GO rail	10	80	0	67	0	0	0	157	2%
Cycle	0	37	0	98	21	0	9	165	2%
Auto driver	922	2161	529	1861	538	440	353	6804	73%
GO rail only	146	130	76	101	22	0	60	535	6%
Joint GO rail and local transit	0	0	50	82	8	0	14	154	2%
Auto passenger	189	522	104	250	64	9	52	1190	13%
Taxi passenger	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	8	0%
Walk	18	26	15	172	5	68	0	304	3%
Total	1285	2956	774	2631	658	525	488	9317	100%

The control gives the control gives a control gives a control gives the control gives the control gives a control gives the control gives a co

Bradford-West Gwillimbury	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	25	100
Erin Orangeville	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	11	200
City of Guelph Eri	0	0	0	14 0	0	0	9		700
Kitchener	0	0	0	52	0	0	46	17	100
Fort Erie	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	11	200
Niagara Falls	0	0	0	73	0	0	0	73	100
Lincoln	0	0	0	15	0	0	18	8	NO.
Grimsby	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	16	No.
Hamilton	0	7	16	S	0	0	0	R	100
Stoney Creek	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	27	2000
Ancas te r	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	17	200
Flamborough	0	0	0	21	0	0	16	37	ä
Burlington	158	311	19	330	0	82	303	1203	1.40%
Oakville	247	863	230	1686	159	417	106	4863	2002
Milton	0	33	42	191	0	6	14	289	300
Halton Hills	0	0	2.1	0	0	0	16	37	300
Mis siss auga	2.18	43	31	380	0	20	400	1122	1.300
Brampton	0	0	0	0	0	12	3	15	200
Vaughan	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8	36
Aurora		_				0	19	13	36
	-	Ĭ				0	-		ĺ
Whitby	0	0	0	0	0		28 1	28	
	0	0 6	0 0	0	0 0		28	28	
Whitby	0 0	0 6 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	28	28	300
of Toronto PD8 of Toronto Whitby	0 0 0	0 6 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	37 28	46 28	707

	E storm		Ward 7 Ward 6	Salville Conville	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Wand 4 Wand 2				Send semantal send send send send send send send send	A Louis						100%	
			4016				Ward	164	13	62	0	0	0	10	29	316	%9	3%
			4015				Ward 5	163	30	0	0	0	0	12	234	439	8%	2%
		Þ	4013				Ward 4	162	85	133	59	390	16	134	137	1116	21%	12%
		F	4012				Ward 3	161	31	98	17	219	59	114	160	847	16%	%6
		۵	4010				Ward 2	160	284	244	187	437	88	9/	224	1696	31%	18%
		Σ	4007				Ward 1	159	104	338	27	208	0	7.1	78	985	18%	11%
Cross Tabulation Query Form - Trip - 2016	Row.2006 GTA zone of origin - gla06, orig Column: Ward number of destination - ward_dest	Filters: Primary travel mode of trip - mode_prime In D	2006 GTA zone of origin - gla06_orig In 4006 and	Start time of trip - start_time In 1600-1900 and	Ward number of destination - ward_dest In 159-164	Trip 2016 Table:			4006	4007	4010	4,012	4013	4015	4016			28%

Auto Distribution - Oakville

Cross Tabulation Query Form - Trip - 2016

Row: 2006 GTA zone of origin - gta06_orig Column: Planning district of destination - pd_dest

4015 4013 ≥ 4012 4010 ŋ 4007 O Filters:
Primary travel mode of trip - mode_prime In B and
2006 GTA zone of origin - gla06_orig In 4006
and
Start time of trip - start_time In 1600-1900

4016

Trip 2016 Table:

PD 1 of Toronto PD 2 of Toronto Mississauga Oakwille 4006 0 0 55 4007 0 0 90 4012 11 5 8 265 4016 0 0 34 4016 44 0 0 161 8% 1% 1% 90% 8% 1% 1% 90%								685	
PD1 of Toronto PD2 of Toronto 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Oakville	55	06	12	265	34	161	617	%06
PD 1 of Toronto 0 0 11 11 55 55	Mississauga	0	0	0	∞	0	0	00	1%
	PD 2 of Toronto	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1%
4006 4007 4010 4012 4015	PD 1 of Toronto	0	0	0	11	0	44	55	%8
			4007	4010	4012	4015	4016		

Appendix G

Future Total Level of Service Calculations

	۶	→	•	•	←	4	1	†	~	/	+	4
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	f)		7	î»			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	10	605	2	0	476	11	0	0	0	6	0	19
Future Volume (Veh/h)	10	605	2	0	476	11	0	0	0	6	0	19
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.90
Hourly flow rate (vph)	11	672	2	0	529	12	0	0	0	7	0	21
Pedestrians								20			6	
Lane Width (m)								3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)								1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage								2			0	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	547			694			1265	1262	693	1235	1257	541
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	547			694			1265	1262	693	1235	1257	541
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	99			100			100	100	100	95	100	96
cM capacity (veh/h)	1027			896			136	166	440	150	167	542
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	11	674	0	541	0	28						
Volume Left	11	0	0	0	0	7						
Volume Right	0	2	0	12	0	21						
cSH	1027	1700	1700	1700	1700	328						
Volume to Capacity	0.01	0.40	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.09						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2						
Control Delay (s)	8.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	17.0						
Lane LOS	Α				А	С						
Approach Delay (s)	0.1		0.0		0.0	17.0						
Approach LOS	<u> </u>		0.0		A	С						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.5									
Intersection Capacity Utilizati	on		42.0%	IC	CU Level	of Service			А			
Analysis Period (min)			15		2 20,010				,,			
and the second second			.0									

	۶	-	*	•	←	•	1	†	~	/	ļ	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	fa fa		7	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	1	633	10	6	401	3	37	0	19	8	0	2
Future Volume (Veh/h)	1	633	10	6	401	3	37	0	19	8	0	2
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84	0.84
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	754	12	7	477	4	44	0	23	10	0	2
Pedestrians		2			1			21			16	
Lane Width (m)		3.5			3.5			3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)		1.2			1.2			1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage		0			0			2			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	497			787			1278	1294	782	1289	1298	497
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	497			787			1278	1294	782	1289	1298	497
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	100			99			68	100	94	92	100	100
cM capacity (veh/h)	1063			827			137	158	390	128	157	569
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	1	766	7	481	67	12						
Volume Left	1	0	7	0	44	10						
Volume Right	0	12	0	4	23	2						
cSH	1063	1700	827	1700	176	147						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.45	0.01	0.28	0.38	0.08						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	13.1	2.1						
Control Delay (s)	8.4	0.0	9.4	0.0	37.4	31.7						
Lane LOS	А		Α		Е	D						
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.1		37.4	31.7						
Approach LOS					Е	D						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			2.2									
Intersection Capacity Utilizat	tion		44.6%	IC	CU Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	۶	-	*	•	←	•	1	†	~	/	↓	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	£		7	f)			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	13	555	1	3	759	19	1	0	1	10	0	11
Future Volume (Veh/h)	13	555	1	3	759	19	1	0	1	10	0	11
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93	0.93
Hourly flow rate (vph)	14	597	1	3	816	20	1	0	1	11	0	12
Pedestrians								19			8	
Lane Width (m)								3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)								1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage								2			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	844			617			1478	1494	616	1466	1485	834
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	844			617			1478	1494	616	1466	1485	834
tC, single (s)	4.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.2
tC, 2 stage (s)												
tF (s)	2.2			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.3
p0 queue free %	98			100			99	100	100	89	100	97
cM capacity (veh/h)	796			958			97	119	486	103	121	369
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	14	598	3	836	2	23						
Volume Left	14	0	3	0	1	11						
Volume Right	0	1	0	20	1	12						
cSH	796	1700	958	1700	161	165						
Volume to Capacity	0.02	0.35	0.00	0.49	0.01	0.14						
Queue Length 95th (m)	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	3.8						
Control Delay (s)	9.6	0.0	8.8	0.0	27.6	30.4						
Lane LOS	Α		Α		D	D						
Approach Delay (s)	0.2		0.0		27.6	30.4						
Approach LOS					D	D						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.6									
Intersection Capacity Utilizati	on		51.1%	IC	U Level o	of Service			Α			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

	۶	-	*	•	+	4	1	†	~	-	+	1
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	f)		7	₽			4			4	
Traffic Volume (veh/h)	1	513	25	8	660	6	22	0	7	3	0	3
Future Volume (Veh/h)	1	513	25	8	660	6	22	0	7	3	0	3
Sign Control		Free			Free			Stop			Stop	
Grade		0%			0%			0%			0%	
Peak Hour Factor	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Hourly flow rate (vph)	1	534	26	8	688	6	23	0	7	3	0	3
Pedestrians					2			16			11	
Lane Width (m)					3.5			3.5			3.5	
Walking Speed (m/s)					1.2			1.2			1.2	
Percent Blockage					0			1			1	
Right turn flare (veh)												
Median type		None			None							
Median storage veh)												
Upstream signal (m)												
pX, platoon unblocked												
vC, conflicting volume	705			576			1272	1286	565	1263	1296	702
vC1, stage 1 conf vol												
vC2, stage 2 conf vol												
vCu, unblocked vol	705			576			1272	1286	565	1263	1296	702
tC, single (s)	5.1			4.1			7.1	6.5	6.2	7.1	6.5	6.5
tC, 2 stage (s)												0.0
tF (s)	3.1			2.2			3.5	4.0	3.3	3.5	4.0	3.6
p0 queue free %	100			99			84	100	99	98	100	99
cM capacity (veh/h)	566			994			139	161	521	141	158	386
Direction, Lane #	EB 1	EB 2	WB 1	WB 2	NB 1	SB 1						
Volume Total	1	560	8	694	30	6						
Volume Left	1	0	8	094	23	3						
Volume Right	0	26	0	6	23 7	3						
cSH	566	1700	994	1700	168	207						
	0.00	0.33	0.01	0.41	0.18	0.03						
Volume to Capacity	0.00	0.0	0.01	0.41	5.0	0.03						
Queue Length 95th (m) Control Delay (s)	11.4	0.0	8.7	0.0	31.0	22.9						
3 ()		0.0		0.0	31.0 D	22.9 C						
Lane LOS	В		Α									
Approach Delay (s)	0.0		0.1		31.0	22.9						
Approach LOS					D	С						
Intersection Summary												
Average Delay			0.9									
Intersection Capacity Utiliza	ation		45.8%	IC	CU Level of	of Service			А			
Analysis Period (min)			15									

Appendix HTraffic Signal Warrant Analysis

Signal Warrant Calculation (OTM Book 12 - Justification 7)

Maia-Ot- 1				Б.	Ot :			V0: ::	4	B	F16-	OB '
Major Street:				Rebe	cca Street			1A - All	AM 1,120	PM 1,248	FACT n/a	OR * 592
Minor Street:				Gard	len Drive			1B - Mino		35	25%	25
								2A - Majo	1,054	1,213	25%	567
Comment			Future	ı otal (20	29) Traffic Co	ndition	_	2B - Cros		29	25%	19
Number of Approache	es:				1		2 X		his factor rela			
Tee Intersection Conf	iguratio	n:			Yes		No X		m peak hour		90 01 11 10 C	a.lu
Flow Condition:						e Fv (R						
					Restricted F	low (Ur	ban) X					
OVERALL WARRANT			150% 5	Satisfied:	Yes		No X Wa	arrant for new i	tersection v	with forec	ast traffic	
	-		120% 5	Satisfied:	Yes		No X Wa	arrant for existir	g intersecti	on with fo	recast tra	ffic
				Satisfied:	Yes	Д		arrant for existin	-		_	
		COMB		Satisfied:	Yes	Н		arrant for existir	g intersecti	on with ex	kisting tra	ffic
			80% 8	Satisfied:	Yes	Ш	No X	onsider full under	ground provide	eione if 100	10% for force	act traffic
								SSIGOT TUIT UTTUE	g. Sana piovi	J.J.10 11 100	.,,, 101 10160	.coc danie
WARRANT 1 - MINIMU									,	7		
APPROACH LANES		1		MORE	AVERAGE		50% Satisfie	<u> </u>	No X			
FLOW CONDITION		REST. FLOW			HOUR		20% Satisfie 00% Satisfie		No X			
I LOW CONDITION	LLLOW	X	FLOW	FLOW	PERIOD		30% Satisfie 30% Satisfie		No X			
ALL APPROACHES	480	720	600	900	592]		L		1		
			FILLED		82%							
APPROACH LANES		1 DECT		MORE	AVERAGE							
FLOW CONDITION		REST. FLOW			HOUR							
1 LOW CONDITION	1 LOW	X	I LOVV	I LOW	PERIOD							
MINOR STREET	120	170	120	170	25	1						
APPROACHES		% FUL	FILLED		15%]						
WADDANTO DELAY	TO OP	nee To	VEETO									
WARRANT 2 - DELAY APPROACH LANES		088 TR		MORE		1 14	50% Satisfie	ed: Yes	No X	1		
	FREE	REST.		REST.	AVERAGE		20% Satisfie	-	No X	-		
FLOW CONDITION		FLOW			HOUR		00% Satisfie	-	No X			
		X			PERIOD	8	30% Satisfie	ed: Yes	No X			
MAJOR STREET	480	720	600	900	567			_				
APPROACHES	L		FILLED	MODE	79%							
APPROACH LANES		1 REST.		MORE	AVERAGE							
FLOW CONDITION		FLOW			HOUR							
. LOW CONDITION	1 2000	X			PERIOD							
TRAFFIC CROSSING	50	75	120	170	19]						
MAJOR STREET		% FUL	FILLED		25%	I						

¹A - MINIMUM VEHICULAR VOLUME: Total vehicle volume on all approaches for average day

¹B - MINIMUM VEHICULAR VOLUME: Total vehicle volume on minor streets

²A - DELAY TO CROSS TRAFFIC: Total vehicle volume on major street for average day

²B - DELAY TO CROSS TRAFFIC: Total vehicle and pedestrian volume crossing major street; comprising: (1) lefts from both minor streets, (2) heaviest through from minor street, (3) 50% of heavier left turn from major street when following criteria met: (a) left turn volume >120 and (b) left turn volume plus opposing volume > 720, (4) pedestrians crossing the major street.

Signal Warrant Calculation (OTM Book 12 - Justification 7)

Major Ctr t				1 =0	hore Day!			VOLUME	APS	D11	F * ^ -	OB * 1
Major Street:				Lakes	hore Road			1A - All	AM 1,129	PM 1,373	FACT n/a	OR * 626
Minor Street:				Gard	len Drive			1B - Minor		23	25%	12
Commerci			Ec.	Total (00	20) Tr-#" 0	nditi		2A - Major		1,350	25%	614
Comment			ruture	rotal (20	29) Traffic Co	naition		2B - Cross	11	18	25%	7
Number of Approache	es:				1	Ш	2 X		nis factor rela ght hours" to			
Tee Intersection Conf	iguratio	n:			Yes		No X		n peak hour	,	J 5. 1110 E	
Flow Condition:						e Fv (R						
					Restricted F	low (Ur	ban) X					
			4=00/				🗔					
OVERALL WARRANT				Satisfied:	Yes	H	-	rrant for new in				rc:
				Satisfied: Satisfied:	Yes Yes	Н		rrant for existin rrant for existin	_			
		COMB		Satisfied:	Yes	H		irrant for existin irrant for existin	-		-	
		- 55		Satisfied:	Yes	П	No X		J	07	g u	-
							_	onsider full under	round provis	sions if 100)% for fored	cast traffic
WADDANT 4 MINIST	184 3751		VO: :::									
WARRANT 1 - MINIMU APPROACH LANES		1 1		MORE		1 11	50% Satisfie	d: Yes [No X	1		
ALT NOAGH LANES		REST.			AVERAGE		20% Satisfie	<u> </u>	No X			
FLOW CONDITION		FLOW			HOUR		00% Satisfie		No X			
		X			PERIOD		30% Satisfie	<u> </u>	No X			
ALL APPROACHES	480	720	600	900	626			_		•		
			FILLED	MODE	87%							
APPROACH LANES		1 REST.		MORE	AVERAGE							
FLOW CONDITION		FLOW			HOUR							
. LOW CONDITION	1 2000	X			PERIOD							
MINOR STREET	120	170	120	170	12	1						
APPROACHES		% FUL	FILLED		7%]						
WARRANT 2 - DELAY	TO CP	OSS TP	AFFIC									
APPROACH LANES		1		MORE	A) /== :	1!	50% Satisfie	d: Yes	No X]		
	FREE	REST.		REST.	AVERAGE		20% Satisfie	<u> </u>	No X	1		
FLOW CONDITION	FLOW	FLOW		FLOW	HOUR PERIOD	10	00% Satisfie	d: Yes	No X			
		Х				3	30% Satisfie	d: Yes	No X]		
MAJOR STREET	480	720	600	900	614							
APPROACHES APPROACH LANES			FILLED	MODE	85%							
APPROACH LANES		1 REST.		MORE	AVERAGE							
FLOW CONDITION		FLOW			HOUR							
1 2011 0011011	-3.,	X	0.,		PERIOD							
TRAFFIC CROSSING	50	75	120	170	7]						
MAJOR STREET		% FUL	FILLED		9%	I						

¹A - MINIMUM VEHICULAR VOLUME: Total vehicle volume on all approaches for average day

¹B - MINIMUM VEHICULAR VOLUME: Total vehicle volume on minor streets

²A - DELAY TO CROSS TRAFFIC: Total vehicle volume on major street for average day

²B - DELAY TO CROSS TRAFFIC: Total vehicle and pedestrian volume crossing major street; comprising: (1) lefts from both minor streets, (2) heaviest through from minor street, (3) 50% of heavier left turn from major street when following criteria met: (a) left turn volume >120 and (b) left turn volume plus opposing volume > 720, (4) pedestrians crossing the major street.

Appendix IBabco Vehicle Parking Stacker System



BR-6000

Two-Post Parking Lift

babcopark

BR-6000

The most popular and versatile of parking stackers.

Designed to accommodate a vast array of vehicles, including SUVs, sedans, and sports cars, our BR-6000 model offers a accommodate the needs of real estate developers, architects, engineers, automotive dealers, and commercial parking minimum footprint and can be installed independent, or in a ganged column design to capitalize on the available space. The BR-6000 operates in both indoor and outdoor environments and is specifically designed to operators.

- Perfect solution for both indoor and outdoor parking
- Highly adaptable, customizable and cost-efficient car stackers
- Ganged column design allows multiple installations in minimum space
- Can be configured for drive-through and tandem parking applications
- Lifting capacity:
- 5950lbs.(BR-6000)
- Car height on ground up to 80.7 (2050mm)
- Usable platform width up to 82.7 (2100mm)
- Driven by hydraulic cylinder & lifting chain
- Galvanized corrugated platform
- Strong powder coating provides long lasting protection



babcopark

General Parts



- 1 Carriage
- 2 Hydraulic oil reservoir
- Galvanized waving plate
- 4 CSA-approved electrical box
- Key switch & emergency stop button
- 6 Dynamic anti-fall lock
- Front footage
- 8 Limit switch
- 9 CSA-approved power unit
- Photocell sensor

BR-6000

www.babcopark.ca

babcopark

FEATURES

► TUV compliant, which is the most authoritative certification in the world

Cost effective system

Certification standard 2006/42/EC and EN14010

Only uses power when raising the lift - gravity driven descent means there is no electricity consumption for hydraulic power unit

▶ New & improved hydraulic system

The hydraulic system adopts a German top-level structure design which is stable and reliable with twice the lifetime as older models

Newly designed control system

User-friendly operation with a 50% reduced failure rate

Galvanized, corrugated panels

Durable and perfect for indoor/outdoor use

Zero accident security system

All new upgraded security system to ensure no accidents

Dynamic locking device

A range of locking positions at every 4in. (100mm) on post for added safety

► CSA-Approve power unit

Meets electrical Canadian standard

▶ Newly designed, stronger structure

Thicker steel, stronger welds

www.babcopark.ca

babcopark

FEATURES CONT.

► Metallic powder coated surface

After applying AkzoNobel powder the colour saturation, weather resistance and adhesion are significantly enhanced

► Rich, vibrant colour

Great care is taken with the treatment of lacquer in order to improve the quality of the product surface

Strong adhesion

The weather resistance of the spray powder has better performance and can withstand wear and tear

▶ Superior chains

20% longer lifespan than that of domestic chains

Modular connection, innovative post sharing design

The BR-6000 two post parking lifts allows for post sharing. Combine multiple units into one ganged formation

► Laser cutting + robotic welding

Accurate laser cutting improves accuracy of parts and automated robotic welding makes the weld joints stronger

Concrete & Asphalt installation

Able to accommodate on both concrete and asphalt (with optional special asphalt surface frame kit)

► Galvanized screw bolts

Longer life screws with a much higher corrosion resistance

babcopark

SPECIFICATIONS

General

BR-6000	2	5950lbs.	196.8in. (5000mm)	72.8in. (1850mm)	80.7in. (2050mm)	Hydraulic cylinder + chains	Key Switch	<50s	<35s	220V, 1Ph, 60Hz	AkzoNobel powder coating	
Model	Vehicles parked per unit	Rated Capacity	Available Car Length	Available Car Width	Available Car Height	Driver Mode	Operation	Lifting Speed	Descending Speed	Power Supply	Finishing	

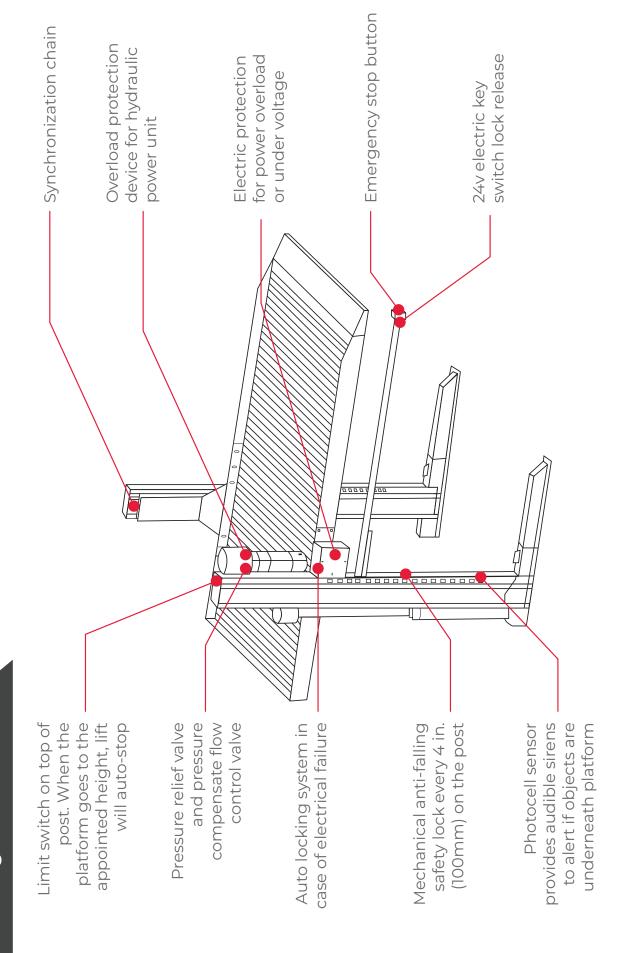
Hydraulic

BR-6000	2hp/230V/1ph-FLA amp draw @230V is 16.9 amps. A circuit with a 20 amp or higher breaker is required (consult your electrician)	2.0 gpm	2850 psi	AW22	AW32
Model	Pump Motor Power	Pump Flow	Pump Working Pressure	Hydraulic Oil (outside or non-heated application)	Hydraulic Oil (indoor applications)



Dexron ATF hydraulic oil is also acceptable for both indoor and outdoor applications

Safety Devices



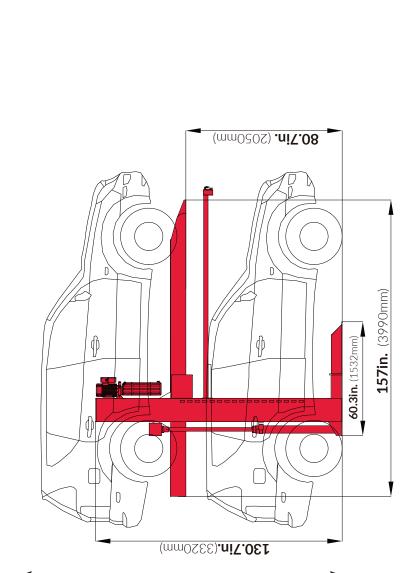
93.7in. (2382mm)

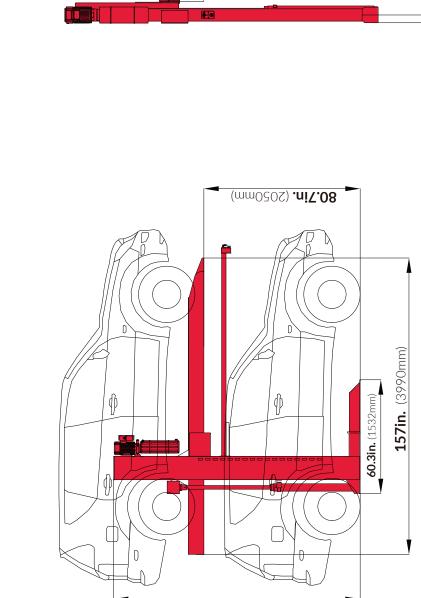
100in.(2547mm)

babcopark

Dimensions

BR-6000



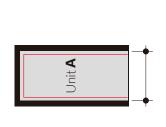


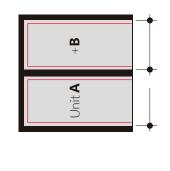
Car Height(1) + 100mm + 120mm + Car Height(2) + 100mm

82.7in. (2100mm)

Width Calculation

Width dimensions single unit (2 cars)





\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
a +	
Unit A	

Clear platform width	82.6in. (2100mm)	86.6in. (2200mm)	90.5in. (2300mm)	94.4in. (2400mm)	98.4in. (2500mm)
Total width required	101in. (2547mm)	104in. (2647mm)	108in. (2747mm)	112in. (2847mm)	116in. (2947mm)

Total width required	Clear platform width
194in. (4929mm)	82.6in. (2100mm)
202in. (5129mm)	86.6in. (2200mm)
209in. (5329mm)	90.5in. (2300mm)
217.6in. (5529mm)	94.4in. (2400mm)
225.5in. (5729mm)	98.4in. (2500mm)

Clear platform width	82.6in. (2100mm)	86.6in. (2200mm)	90.5in. (2300mm)	94.4in. (2400mm)	98.4in. (2500mm)
Total width required	287.8in. (7311mm)	299.6in. (7611mm)	311.4in. (7911mm)	323.2in. (8211mm)	335in. (8511mm)

Notes

Clear platform width of 82.6in. (2100mm) for car widths of 72.8in. (1850mm). For large touring sedans we recommend a clear platform width of at least 90.5-98.4in. (2300-2500mm). According to ISO 3864 the floor must be marked with 3.9in. (100mm) wide yellow-black at a distance of 19.6in. (500mm) from the platform edge by the purchaser (to be performed according to local regulations). The lowering speed of an empty platform is considerably lower than a loaded one. It is not possible to have channels or undercuts and/or concrete haunches to be wider. The manufacturer reserves the right to construction or model modifications and/or alterations. Furthermore, the right to any subsequent part along the floor-t-wall joints. In the event that channels or undercuts are necessary, the system width needs to be reduced or the installation width needs modification and/or variations and amendments in procedures and standards due to technical and engineering progresses in the art or due to regulation changes, are also hereby reserved.

Notes



Scope of application

Suitable for residential buildings, office buildings and business premises. Only for use by knowledgable users instructed on how to operate the lift.

For frequently changing users:

(E.g. for office, hotel and business premises or similar)

- Only park on ground level
- Performance on technical system adjustments is necessary
- Consultation with Babco is mandatory



Electrical installation preparation

Sabling preparation to be performed by the customer:

- Up to the main switch to be in place prior to starting the installation operations
- Connection to the main switch during installation operations
- System check to be performed by the electrician provided by the customer

Grounding and potential equalization:

- To be performed by the customer compliant to local regulations
- Connections required every 10 meters



Temperature

The installation is designed to operate between +5° and +40° C. Atmospheric humidity: 50% at +40°C.

If the local circumstances differ from the above please contact Babco.



Parking

- Drive vehicle backward onto appropriate position of platform.
 Collision with the control arm and side beams should be avoided.
- Put brake on after vehicle is parked on targeted position to avoid any accidental movement.
- Open the car door carefully to avoid collision, paying attention to waving plates and side beams.
- Raise lift to appropriate position and platform will lock automatically.
- Before another vehicle is parked under platform, please check and make sure vehicle is lower than platform height to avoid damage.



Noise Protection

Insulation figure of the construction of min. Rw=57dB. Walls which border parking systems must be done as single wall and deflection resistant with min. $m = 300 kg/m^2$. At differing constructional conditions additional sound absorbing measures are to be provided by the customer. Best results are reached by separated sole plates from construction.



Protection against corrosion

Clean galvanized parts and platforms of dirt and road salt as well as other pollution.



Fire Safety

Each and every fire safety requirement and all possible mandatory item(s) and equipment(s) (fire extinguishing systems and fire alarm systems etc.) are to be provided by the customer.



Sailings

If walkways are arranged directly to the side or behind the systems, railings have to be provided acc. EN ISO 13857 by client acc. to local requirements, height min. 78.7in.

Maintenance



Do lubrication on guide rail and guide pulley once per month



Do lubrication on balance chain once per month



Change all the hydraulic oil three months after first operation; and change oil every nine months after first changing



Frequently check the screw nuts of bolts affixed to the electromagnet and locking plate, if any screw nut is loose, fasten ASAP



If any noise comes out from the electromagnet, replace ASAP



The seal in the hydraulic cylinder should be replaced every two years



The roller and sliding block should be replaced every two years



The valve element in the solenoid valve and filter in the power unit should be cleaned every 6 months



Before operation, check electromagnet connector, if loose, fasten and test the top limit switch and photocell sensor. Fix if not working or replace